# Jordan Times

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#### GCC debates key Arab issues

RIYADH (AP) - Foreign ministers of the six-country Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) met Sunday to align a common policy on Arab issues, especially Jordan's call for an emergency Arab summit on Soviet Jewish tion to Israel. The meeting was headed by Yousef Ben Alawi, foreign minister of Oman, the year's chairman of the GCC. In an opening address, Alawi said the issue of the Soviet Jewish influx "sent shockwaves through the Arab World, not only because of the complications such immigration will add to the faltering efforts for (Middle East) peacemaking, but because of the resi danger it represents for Arab national security." Alawi deplored the bloodbath among warring Lebanese factions in east Beirud, saying the destruction in the Lebanese capital surpassed any witnessed in nearly 15 years of civil war. The Omani minister, who recently thirth the later and lean resid to represent the property of t visited both Iraq and Iran, said he regretted that despite the desire for peace expressed by the two former war foes, and despite the U.N. attempts.

a deadlock continued in the attempts to produce a lasting peace.

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Likud

revolt

against

U.S. plan

TEL AVIV (R) — Cahinet ministers of Prime Minister Yit-

zhak Shamir's Likud party public-

ly rebelled Sunday against a U.S. call for a quick tsraeli deci-

sion on opening historic talks with the Palestinians.

The open hattle inside Likud.

the dominant partner in Israel's

coalition government, under-

mined earlier reports that Shamir

was ready to approve Israeli-

With all due respect to the

United States, we don't decide

the fate of our country under

pressure," said Transport Minister Moshe Katsav, who is re-

"The discussion might start this week hut it certainly will not end," he told Israel Radio, in-

dicating the opposition inside

Likud was far greater than earlier

Israel Television reported Saturday that Shamir was ready

Palestinian talks in Cairo.

garded as close to Shamir.

ministers

#### National Guidance **Council meets**

AMMAN (J.T.) — The newly reconstituted National Guidance Council held a meeting Sunday under the chairmanship of information Minister Ihrahim Izzeddin and discussed the broad enidelines for the country's information policy. The council elected Upper House of Parlia-ment member Ishaq Al Farhan as vice-chairman.

#### China: Soviet Influx blocks peace

SANAA (R) — Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen, on a visit to North Yemen, said Sunday the influx of Soviet Jews to Israel was an obstacle to peace in the Middle East, Radio Sanaa said. The radio said Qian also hlasted Israel's "continued intransigence towards efforts to reach a just settlement to the Palestinian

#### Arafat holds talks in Algeria

ALGIERS (R) - Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat discussed the emigration of Soviet Jews and the Lebanese crisis Sunday with Algerian President Chadli Benjedid. An official Algerian source said Arafat had discussed the emigration of Soviet Jews ahead of an Arab League mission to Moscow to discuss the matter. Algerian Foreign Minister Sid-Ahmad Ghozali is among Arab foreign ministers due to visit Moscow next week to try to persuade the Soviet Union to curtail Jewish emigration to

#### Atiantis lands

EDWARDS AIR FORCE BASE (R) — The U.S. space shuttle Atlantis touched down safely Sunday after completing a secret military mission during which space experts say it deployed a billion-dollar spy satellite. The five-man, all-military crew guided the 80-tonne craft to a pin-point landing on a dry lake bed in the Mojave Desert at 10.08 a.m. (1808 GMT) after four days in space.

#### Rebel rockets kill four in Kabul

ISLAMABAD (R) — Guerrillas fighting the Afghan government fired rockets into the capital Kabul for the fourth day running Sunday, killing four people, the official Kabul Radio said. Five surface-to-surface missiles hit residential areas, also wounding seven people and causing economic damage, said the broadcast, monitored in the Pakistani capital Islamabad, Sunday's attack took to eight the death toll from daily rebel rocketing on Kabul re-ported by the Afghan authorities since Thursday.

#### V.P Singh gults as party leader

2

NEW DELHI (AP) - Prime Minister V.P. Singh has resigned as the president of his Janata Dal party to keep his promise not to hold two public posts, a party spokesman said Sunday. Spokesman Jaipal Reddy told reporters Singh resigned late Saturday at a party meeting called to discuss alleged rigging hy a top par-ty leader during a Feh. 27 by-

#### Thatcher 'liberal' plans to resign

LONDON (R) — In fresh blows to beleaguered Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, the lone "liberal" in her cabinet Sunday announced plans to resign and opinion polls showed her Conservative government was more unpopular than ever. Thatcher already faced mounting protests over a new tax to finance local councils which will squeeze family budgets hit by high interest rates and inflation of nearly eight per cent. Weish Secretary Peter Walker, a minister since Thatcher came to power in 1979, said he would leave the government before the next general election because he wanted to spend more time with his family and concentrate on business. His decision was not unexpected but its timing was likely to bolster opposition charges that the government is in disarray and out of touch with even its own supporters.

## King, Badran, Lawzi and Qasem

meet visiting parliamentary delegation

## India backs Jordan's stand on Soviet influx

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — India Sunday voiced its total support for Jordan's view that the massive influx of Soviet Jewish emigres to Israel poses gave threats to security and sta-bility in the Middle East in addition to serious dangers for the Palstinians living in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza

Strip.
The Indian position was affirmed during a series of meetings a visiting Indian parliamentary delegation held here with His Majesty King Hussein and senior government leaders, including Prime Minister Mndar Badran, Upper House of Parliament Speaker Ahmad Al Lawzi and Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Oasem.

According to the Indian amhassador to Jordan who attended the talks, the delegation, headed by India's Lower House (Lok Sabha) Speaker Rabi Ray, reiterated New Delhi's shared view with Jordan that no peace could be achieved in the Middle East without a just settlement which guarantees the legitimate rights of the Palestinian

Speaker Ray also reassured his Jordanian hosts that the change in government in New Delhi after the last general elections did not mean any shift or adverse impact on the "traditionally strong links between India and Jordan."

Ambassador Gajendra Singirsaid.
The King was scheduled to receive the delegation Monday but the audience was brought forward to adjust to his departure Monday morning on visits to France and Britain.

In Sunday's meeting, the Kin

further enhancing economie cooperation, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, reported.

Agency, Petra, reported.

Prime Minister Badran an the delegation, which includes five members of the two houses of the Indian parliament representing almost all leading parties, reviewed Indo-Jordanian trade and economic cooperation and expressed hope that several pending projects would be implemented soon to further boost bilateral ties, according to Singh. Badran extended an invitation to Indian Prime Minister V.P. Singh to visit Jordan.

On the political front, Badran and Ray discussed the issue of Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel and agreed that it posed a grave danger to peace and stability in the Middle East, Petra said. They viewed the Soviet Jewish influx as being bound to beighten tension and will be an ele-ment of instability in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, Petra

In his meeting with the Indian team, Senate Speaker Lawzi discus-sed Indo-Jordanian ties in various fields and also paid tribute to India's role in supporting liberation move-ments and the just cause of the Palestinians. Lawzi explained Jordan's position towards Arab-Israeli peace efforts and reiterated the Arab demand for the implementation of the pertinent United Nations Security Council resolutions on the Middle East conflict and the Palestinian

Ray reaffirmed India's support for Arab and Palestinian causes and also expressed New Dehli's firm desire to maintain and further strengthen ties with Jordan, Petra said.

The same themes were also discussed with the Indian delegation by Foreign Minister Qasem in a 75-minute meeting, Ambassador Singh said. Qasem briefly reviewed the evolution of the Middle East conflict and explained Jordan's position, he

The Jordanian side explained its "anxieties and fears over the paid tribute to relations with In-

danger to the Arab region, the ambassador said. For its part, the ambassador said. For its part, the Indian side "voiced its full support for the Jordanian position" and said that New Delhi shared the "Jordanian perceptions of the Arab-Israeli conflict," according to the ambassador. India's reaffirmation of its position

on the immigration of hundreds of thousands of Soviet Jews to Israel and Arab and Palestinian fears that the bulk of them could be settled in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip comes at a time when Arab states are trying to mobilise international efforts to counter the threats.

Ray held talks with his Jordanian counterpart and host, Lower House Speaker Suleiman Arar, Saturday, and called for a Middle East peace settlement based on recognition of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people. He further elaborated on the theme in a speech delivered at a banquet hosted by Arar Sunday

He reiterated India's support for an international peace conference on the Middle East under U.N. auspices with the participation of all parties involved in the Arab-Israeli conflict, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian cople. Arab unity, he said, was "vital for

the struggle to achieve a just and lasting peace in the Middle East." Recalling that India has always been a supporter of Arab and Palesti-nian causes, he said; "There can be no peace without justice. The illegal occupation of Arab territories must be (ended). The Palestinians have an inalicanble right to self-determina-tion. They have a right to their homeland. These rights should be recog-

In his meetings here, Ray also raised the issue of the Indo-Pakistani dispute over Kashmir and said New Delhi was keen to "maintain good neighbourly relations on the basis of past accords and agreements." according to Ambassador Singh.



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday meets with a delegation representing the Indian parliament

## Bush: Aid to Israel will be influenced by settlement policy

RANCHO MIRAGE, California (Agencies) — President George Bush has said that U.S. aid to Israel would be influenced by whether Tel Aviv allows new settlements in the occupied West

Bank and Gaza Strip.
"We do not believe there should be new settlements in the West Bank or in East Jerusalem," Bush told a news conference after meeting with Japan's Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu. "I will conduct that policy as if it is

"And it will be shaped in whatever decisions we make to see whether people comply with that policy.

The president had been asked about Secretary of State James Baker's statement that U.S. aid to Israel would be conditioned on a halt to Jewish settlement of the occupied territories.

Baker told a congressional million in loan guarantees to help build housing for Soviet Jewish immigrants should be linked to settlements in the West Bank and Ahbas.

HARARE (Agencies) — Nelson Mandela offered white South

the Zimbabwean capital.

and wreak vengeance upon them,

about 10,000 people who had

waited up to six hours for his

delayed arrival in Harare's

It was his first speech on ANC

policy since a two-day meeting of

the movement's policy-making

National Executive Committee in

national Congress of People's

Gorbachev also said Sunday he

was ready to accept nomination

as the Soviet Union's first execu-

Gorbachev said the Soviet peo-

ple were looking for strong lead-

ership in a period of economic,

"I will not put myself for-

ward... but if I am put forward I

will not avoid it. This is certain,"

said Gorbachev, speaking of the

Soviet, the standing parliament,

but has still to be approved by the

Congress of People's Deputies.

understandable to our people if I

used the current situation and

began to withdraw," said Gor-

"In my opinion, it would not be

Creation of the new position

social and political turnoil.

new executive presidency.

Deputies.

tive president.

Lusaka Thursday and Friday.

national sports stadium.

Israeli promises it not be used for Gaza are conducive to the peace new or expanded settlements in process." the occupied territories.

Israel contends it has no policy of directing immigrants to the occupied territories, and government leaders denounced Baker's proposal Friday.

Bush's press secretary, Marlin Fitzwater, told reporters Saturday that the president's statements represented nothing new. He said Bush himself has told Shamir two times that new settlements must end in the occupied

But when Bush, and later Fitzwater, were asked directly whether the United States was linking aid to the settlement question, they seemed reluctant to put it specifically in those terms.
"I will just simply reiterate that

the policy right here - we are not going to look favourably upon new settlements," said Bush.

Mandela reassures whites

of ANC's respect for culture

Migrant 'safety not guaranteed'

A senior Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) official was quoted Sunday as saying the safety of Soviet Jewish migrants who settle in the occupied territories cannot be guaranteed.

haviour of the Palestinian citizen the occupied territories," Mahmond Abbas, a member of the PLO's Executive Committee, told the London-based Asharq Al Awsat newspaper.

"No one can guarantee the results of this provocation... the Palestinian sees with his own eyes a person coming from Leningrad or Kiev or anywhere in the world to settle in his home just because

that policy sense directly," said
Fitzwater. "We don't believe the thrown ont of his house," said

Mugabe, who had long pressed for Mandela's release, embraced

the ANC activist on the tarmac as

thousands of people cheered to

the throh of tribal drummers and

schoolchildren in feather head-

dresses chanted, "We're going to Pretoria to fight."

"You're not a stranger."
Mugabe declared to Mandela.

10 million people stand solidly behind the people of South Africa in the unrelenting struggle.

You've come home where the

Mandela said he regarded Zim-

Mandela also received the

Freedom of Harare Award from

Mayor Simon Chikwavaire at a

town house ceremony. Three

others had previously received

the honour — Mugabe, the late Romanian leader Nicolae

Ceausescu and Nigerian head of

Front) party, declared Monday a

of ethnic unrest, political division

state Ibrahim Babangida.

babwe as a second home and he

praised Mugabe's statesmanship.

to join his coalition partners in the Labour Party in accepting the U.S. proposals. Labour had set a deadline of Wednesday for progress on the proposal.

With Likud members in open "No one can check the be-

portrayed.

revolt. Shamir joined the top three other Israeli politicians — including two ministers from the Labour Party — at a special meeting Sunday afternoon to discuss the U.S. proposal.

"I believe that we are facing a

real chance to start a process of peace," Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin, of the Labour Party, told a gathering of foreign Jews before attending the meeting with Shamir.

But Rabin again emphasised his preference for working inside the current broad coalition headed by Shamir rather than trying to form a Labour-dominated government.

Shamir, faced with a public request from Washington for a decision, scheduled meetings stretching into Wednesday with both supporters and opponents of the Cairo negotiations

"There is no way to know which way the decision is going to go," Shamir's spokesman Avi Pazner told Reuters. Before the extent of the revolt in Likud became clear he had predicted a

decision by Wednesday. Lahour leader Vice-Premier Shimon Peres, who has called for swift action on peace talks, emerged from a Sunday morning cahinet meeting to complain ab-

out the indecision. "Within an hour's time we have had two different versions, Peres told reporters. "One is for

and one is against. The debate inside Likud, which

raged for more than four hours Saturday night, was set to resume Monday. Israeli ohiections to the U.S.-

sponsored talks in Cairo, which are to lead to Palestinian elections in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, have centred on the composition of the Palestinian delegation.

Mugabe, addressing a political rally of his ruling Zimbabwe Afri-can National Union (Patriotic The proposal by U.S. Secretary holiday in honour of the ANC of State James Baker would allow a role for any registered Palestinian resident in the occupied territories.

That woud provide for participation by Palestinians who are allowed to return from Israeliimposed exile. Registered resi-

dents of the occupied lands who also work or live in Arab Jerusalem could also take part. Critics believe the inclusion of anyone with ties to Jerusalem

undermines Israeli control of the whole city and fear talks with expelled Palestinians could lead to negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO).

David Levy, a Likud cabinet minister who argued against the talks at the Saturday party meeting, called the process "a game of

betrayal." Peres said shortly before Sun-

day's meeting of the "forum of four" — two leaders from each of the main parties — that he would hold Likud to the Wednesday ultimatum to put U.S. formulas to a vote.

## Hrawi begins visit to S. Arabia Shaky truce holds in Beirut

# amid papal mediation reports

BEIRUT (Agencies) — A shaky ceasefire held in the Christian enclave Sunday as the Vatican was reportedly mediating in the Christian showdown to discourage the Syrian army from entering the conflict.

Government officials said the Vatican sent an emissary to convince renegade general Michel Aoun and militia chieftain Samir Geagea to patch up their differences to avoid a Syrian military intervention to quell the fighting.
Syrian-backed President Elias Hrawi arrived in Saudi Arabia, the first stop on a three-country Arah tour. He will also visit Morocco and Algeria. The three are working under Arab League auspieces on a peace plan for

Hrawi is seeking support for an unannounced plan to end the fighting which has killed 766 people and wounded 2,088 since it broke ont Jan. 30. He has warned in the past that he will ask Syria

The Saudi Press Agency (SPA) said Hrawi was met by King Fahd on arrival at Hafr Al Batin, a over the 800-kilometre Christian

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Mil-

lions of Soviets from the Polish

border to the Bering Strait voted Sunday in what President Mikhail

S. Gorbachev called a battle be-

tween reformers and entrenched

bureaucrats for the country's Sla-

Almost 150 million voters were

registered to choose among more

than 11,000 candidates for 1,800

seats in the republic legislatures

of the Russian, Ukrainian and

Byelorussian republics.

Thousands of seats in local gov-

erning councils also were being

No results were expected until

Tuesday in the three republics

that make up the vast majority of

the country's territory and con-

tain more than two-thirds of its

"I think it is a battle," Gor-

290 million people.

vic heartland.

contested.

military air base on the kingdom's border with Iraq and Kuwait. In Beirut, hundreds of ex-hausted families, carrying their

most valuable belongings in plas-tic bags and suitcases and picking their way past land mines, left the neighbourhood of Ashrafiyeh after a night of sporadie machinegun and artillery fire. Aoun's troops and Lebanese Forces (LF) militiamen have sliced east Beirut into a patch-

work of frontlines that can only be crossed on foot during hills. We are fleeing before they lose their senses again," Khalil Antoun said as he and his family scurried from LF-held Ashrafiyeh

talks with Aoun and Geagea on a

solid settlement to their dispute

bahev told reporters after voting

Sunday in the Lenin Hills area of

Moscow," but I am convinced

type of people, people who have

been given new impetus from

perestroika," Gorbachev said.

The essence of it is that it is a

people's referendum on peres-

The TASS news agency re-

ported a strong turnout in the Far

East region, where in several

districts more than half of the

registered voters had been to

polling stations before noon.

Polls were open from 7 a.m. to 8

p.m. local time in each of the 12

time zones across the country.

of political tension as Gor-bachev's reforms reached a critic-

al stage. In recent weeks he has

The balloting came in a period

"Our elections involve a new

that perestroika will win."

into Aoun-controlled territory. The LF militia, in a communique, accused Aoun's gunners of trying to enforce a food blockade on its two isolated pockets in east Beirut. Aoun's command withheld comment on the report. Government sources in west Beirut said the Vatican dispatched Monsignor Alberto Sozzi for

One source said, "Sozzi's message to Aoun and Geagea is that the Vatican will not be able to prevent a Syrian military intervention in the Christian areas if their clashes continued and if such an intervention was requested by President Hrawi." Officials in the Christian en-

clave refused to comment on Sozzi's mission or even confirm his arrival at the port of Jounieh. Christian political sources said a mediation team that started extensive talks with both Aoun and Geagea Saturday resumed its contacts Sunday to find ways to

implement an agreement announced last month.

The plan, which was not carried ont because both Aoun and Geagea had different interpretations, calls for ending all military action and organising the armed

presence of the LF. The sources said the new peace drive, backed by pressure from France and the Vatican on both leaders, followed the apparent failure of Aoun's military cama-

pressed the Communist Party to

give up its monopoly on power

and pressed for a new, more

powerful presidency. Hundreds

of thousands of Soviets have

turned out for pro-democracy ral-

Gorbachev was not a candidate

in the election, but hundreds of

long-time party and government

In Russia alone, the ballot con-

tained 25 heads of regional Com-

munist Party organisations and 36

chairmen or deputy chairmen of

autonomous regions within the

In the days before the balloting

official newspapers were full of

stories of campaign tricks and pork-barrel politics as officials

sought to avoid the kind of

embarrassing defeats they suf-

fered last year in balloting for the

officials were.

giant republic.



Mandela, 71, was freed Feh. 11 after 27 years in South African prisons for plotting to overthrow

## **Nelson Mandela** the guerrilla movement it reviled for 30 years.

## Mandela received an emotional

#### He is expected to head an ANC welcome at Harare airport from delegation later this month in the President Robert Mugabe, the first direct talks between the South African government and

#### former guerrilla chieftain who became Zimhahwe's first hlack Regional polls seen as key test for Soviet reformists, hardliners

idency through the Supreme Soviet Feb. 27. The holder of the proposed new post will be able to declare martial law or a state of emergency, appoint or remove the prime minister and other officials and

declare war in case of attack -

greater powers than those en-

joyed by President Gorbachev

the proposal for a stronger pres-

the colossal challenges facing has been agreed by the Supreme

Soviet society. But Gorbachev's critics — both Communist conservatives and radicals - counter that the new post could establish a legal basis

for virtual dictatorship. Gorbachev's backers say greater powers would enable him to

His supporters say the executive powers are peeded to meet

and the huge economic problems besetting the Kremlin. Gorbachev said he was optimistic the Communist Party, which only last month proposed dropping its constitutionally-

bachev who personally piloted handle more effectively the waves

would emerge from the elections with a strong representation. He played down reports of rifts in the party and said its moves to surrender its monopoly on power would not weaken it badly.

guaranteed monopoly of power,

"I think the Communists will be rather widely represented," said Gorbachev, but he was not prepared to predict the party's final percentage of Sunday's vote.

"The party is a powerful political force. We cannot ignore it. It is the duty of Communists to renew it," he said.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Najibullah weicomes Saudi mediation

ABU DHABI (R) — Afghan President Najibullah was quoted Sunday as saying he would welcome any offer by Saudi Arabia er

Gulf states to mediate a peace settlement in his country, "We believe Saudi authorities enjoy a vast prestige in the Islamic World and can help Afghan people to end fighting and bring about peace." Al Khaleej newspaper quoted him as saying in an

interview in Kabul, "If Saudi Arabia and Guif states showed the

desire then we would welcome it." Saudi Arabia and Gult states

support the Mnjahideen, Afghan rebels fighting to topple the

Soviet-backed Afghan government. Saudi Arabia, although it has

no ties with Moscow, hosted inconclusive talks in December 1992

between the Soviet authorities and the rebels. Moscow withdres

BAGHDAD (R) - Pakistani Defence Minister Ghulam Sarwar

Cheema arrived in Baghdad Sunday for talks with his iraqi counterpart General Abdul-Jabbar Shanshal. Cheema said his

visit aimed to boost ties between the countries but gave no details, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) reported. Pakistan mediated between Iran and Iraq during the 1980-88 Gulf war.

NICOSIA (R) - A radical Iranian newspaper said on Sunday U.N. efforts to hold new peace talks between Iran and Iraq would fail unless Iraq withdrew from Iranian territory. "A new tound of

talks would be a waste of time and resources if the U.N. Secretary

General (Javier Perez de Cuellar) fails to urge Baghdad to

withdraw from all the Iranian territories still under Iraqi occupation," said an editorial in the radical English-language Kayhan International. "The Iranian government must clarity this point," it said. Perez de Cuellar plans to call the foreign ministers

of Iran and Iraq for talks over two months, beginning as soon as

possible. U.N. efforts to turn an August 1988 Iran-Iraq ceasefire

into a permanent settlement have failed despite several rounds of

NICOSIA (R) - Iran's Parliament Speaker Mebdi Karrubi

accused India Sunday of "massacring" Muslims in Kashmir, Karrubi, speaking in parliament, said the Indian government could not solve the Kashmir problem by violence and killing. His

remarks were reported by Tehran Radio and monitored by the

British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC). Kashmir is divided between Pakistan and the porth Indian state of Jamun and

Kashmir, which is the only Indian state with a Muslim majority.

Nearly 150 people have died since the government began cracking

down on a Muslim militants seeking either a reunited and independent Kashmir or that it all become part of Pakistan.

"Karrubi condemned the massacre of the Muslims in Jamesu and Kashmir... he expressed his regret and sorrow over the Indian government's treatment of the Kashmiri Muslims, describing it as

irrational and injudicious. Karrubi advised the Indian government

to deal with the issue of the Jammu and Kashmir Muslims in ag

rational and judicious manner, saying the problem would not be resolved through violence and killing," the radio reported. The speaker called on Iran's Foreign Ministry to "do its utmost to halt the massacre of the Kashmiri Muslims," it said.

ANKARA (R) - One railman was killed and 15 other people

were injured Sanday when two Tarkish passenger trains collided

at Polatli 80 kilometres west of Ankara, a railways official said.

Turkish trains collide, one killed

talks in New York and Geneva, the last in April 1989.

Iran condemns India over Kashmir

the last of its troops from Afghanistan in February 1989.

Pakistani minister visits iraq

Iran calls for Iraqi withdrawal

## Iranian team arrives in Beirut

## U.S., Iran reportedly hold talks on hostages

DUBAI (R) - An Iranian political source said Sunday that Iranian and U.S. officials have completed a round of direct talks in Europe on efforts to free Western hostages in Lebanon.

He said Iranian negotiators who met four or five times with the Americans in West Germany, were hopeful they would meet again soon.

The source, close to senior government officials, said the Iranian team was led by a director from the European desk at the ministry. He did not identify the

U.S. officials involved. President George Bush Thursday denied any secret talks with Iran and ruled out trading the hostages.

There are no secret talks going on," he told reporters. "I have read some of the most ridiculous stories, printed with anonymous sources, failing to do anythiog other than repeat rumours.

A senior Muslim militia official in Beirut told Reuters Wednesday that the United States and Iran had held secret talks on the

The militia official said senior Iranian Foreign Ministry officials and an American negotiator met in New York in December. A second round of talks took place

in Geneva in January, he said. The Iranian source said Tehran's team in West Germany included negotiators previously involved in indirect contact with Washington through Pakistan They were trying last summer to defuse a potential crisis after a pro-Iranian group in Lehanon said it had excuted U.S. hostage William Higgins.

The Iranian source expressed optimism about contacts in West Germany, saying Tehran had dropped its previous insistence on linking freedom for the hostages with U.S. concessions.

He said talks were continuing with Lebanese Kidnap groups holding 17 missing Westerners, eight of them Americans.

During the Higgins crisis last year, Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani offered to help free bostages if Washington released Iranian funds frozen after the Islamic revolution in 1979. In recent weeks, Iran's top judge, the pro-government Tehran Times newspaper and an influen-tial pro-Iranian Muslim cleric in Lebanon have all denounced hostage-taking as harmful to the image of Islam in the West.

Iranian political analysts said Rafsanjani had persuaded many of the anti-Western clergy, including some who disagree with his other policies, that Iran must solve the hostage problem to avoid isolation.

They said growing domestic resentment against continued economic stagnation had done much to change Tehran's view. Western diplomatic said the worldwide wave of democratic reforms made Iran look increasingly like a political

The U.S. government has been sensitive to avoid any suggestion of trading for hostages since the failure in 1986 of secret attempts to swap arms to Iran for the captives.

Meanwhile, a team of Iranian officials has arrived in Beirut to organise the release of one or more of the Western bostages held in Lebanon, the Independent on Sunday newspaper re-

Quoting Lebanese and Iranian exile sources in London and Paris, the London newspaper said the team was believed to have been sent by Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafaanjani, who is eager to restore Tehran's relations with the West.

The newspaper quoted one ex-ile who took part in previous hostage negotiations as saying be expected a release within days but it cited others as saying a final decision depended on the out-come of political in-fighting in Tehran.

The newspaper said talks had been held in Muscat, Ankara and Geneva between Iranian officials led by Rafsanjani's brother Mahmoud and former U.S. government officials, including former Secretary of State Cyrus

The Independent on Sunday quoted British officials as saying they had no knowledge of talks going on, but they acknowledged that an approach had been made some weeks ago offering to open negotiations for the release of Terry Waite, the Church of England envoy, and mentioning a ransom figure of \$20 million.



Eritrean refugees arrive in Sudan to escape possible starvation after failure of crops

## Ethiopian army surrounded in Asmara, Eritrean leader says

ABU DHABI (R) - An Erit- Ababa. rean guerrilla leader said Sunday that the only Ethiopian government troops left in the province were surrounded and a final attack was looming.

"If Ethiopia does not agree to our conditions for resuming peace negotiations then there will be a military showdown," Mohammed Omar Mahmond. head of the Foreign Relations Office of the Eritrean People's Liberation Front (EPLF) told Reuters.

Mahmoud arrived in the United Arab Emirates in the last few days from Eritrea's port city of Massawa, which the EPLF cap-

tured in February.
The fall of Massawa, confirmed by foreign rebef workers who visited the city, cuts the government's road link to the provincial capital Asmara and the nearby town of Keren.

The latest offensive has created a new situation in our struggle. About 100,000 Ethiopian soldiers in Keren and Asmara are effectively under siege," Mahmoud said in an interview.

"The link with Massawa has been cut. Their only way out is through Asmara airport, which does not have the capacity to meet their needs," he added. With around 400,000 inhabitants. Asmara is Etbiopia's

"We prefer a peace settlement if there is a possibility... because we suffer the worst from war." Mahmoud said.

"But given present local, re-

gional and international conditions we believe a military solution to the problem is possible." He said those conditions indinded a growth in EPLF strength, an increase in rebel military pressure against government troops in other areas, and a decline in Soviet assistance to

Addis Ababa.

Mahmond said 40,000 government troops had been killed, wounded or captured in the three-week hattle for Massawa. Among those captured was the port city's Ethiopian commander Major-General Talhoun, he said.

Rebels in northern Ethiopia said Sunday they would support an independent relief effort to feed famine victims in besieged government areas.

Teklemichael Wolde Giorgis of the Eritrean Relief Association (ERA), the relief arm of the EPLF, told Renters that food supplies for people in two government-controlled cities could pass through the Massawa Port and other areas now beld hy the rebels.

"We are ready to cooperate in any way possible to get relief to

we control, hut in government areas, too," Teklemichael said. Teklemichael said the rebels would also support an airlift of food for 400,000 people stranded

in Asmara.

More than four million people. most of them in Eritrea and neighbouring Tigray provinces, face possible starvation this year after failure of crops because of a drought, exacerbated by the war.

Teklemichael said Massawa Port could not be reopened immediately, but added that dockside cranes there were intact and there were no sunken ships blocking the port.

He said the rebels would sup-

port relief operations to government-held areas only if the food was transported, distributed and monitored by independent organisations without interference from either the EPLF or the government. He accused the government of

handing out sacks of United Nations relief food to army and militia troops and violating international air agreements by using the civilian Ethiopian Airlines to transport troops and arms from Addis Ababa to Asmara.

Teklemichael said fuel shortages were already forcing the government to impose electricity blackouts, cut water supplies and ration petrol to civilians in

The emir in January called for

an end to the rallies and offered a

dialogue with the ex-deputies and

other political groups. Sheikh Saad first met the for-

mer deputies on Feb. 7. Ahmad

Saddonn, speaker of the dis-

solved parliament and acting head of the movement, said then

that the crown prince showed

great keeness to make that meet-

ing a success.

He declined to comment on

Saturday's meeting but said for-mer deputies would meet Sunday

to assess the latest talks.

The accident happened when the overnight train to Ankaru fore Izmir disregarded a red signal to enter the line on which the Ankara-Istanbul train was approaching, he told Reuters. Railwaymen said the death toll was low because both trains we travelling slowly through the town. Sudan adjourns case of convicted Arabs

KHARTOUM (AP) — Sudan's supreme court adjourned until March 21 hearings to decide whether five Palestinians convicted of murdering five Britons and to Sudanese will be allowed to escape the gailows by paying blood money to their victims families. The supreme court's Judge Ahmad Al Beshir Al Hadi told the AP that the hearings were adjourned to March 21. He refused to say wby. A source at the British emhassy said that the supreme court held a 10-minute "procedural hearing" and then adjourned the court because of the absence of the prosecutor who was ill and because not all the necessary documents were available. The Palestinians were convicted of murdering five Britons and two Sudanese in a bomb attack on a Khartoum hotel on May 15, 1988 and were sentenced to bang. Under Islamic Law. the case went to the supreme court to decide their fate according to the wishes of the victims' families. The embassy source said that the two families of the British victims had decided against attending the court hearing in Sudan and had submitted their opinions through lawyers and the Sudanese embassy in London.

#### 4 rebel battalions wiped out - Sudan

CAIRO (AP) — The Sudanese Armed Forces Command has reported that its troop have wiped out four rebel battalions and two camps in south Sndan. The statement, as carried by the Egyptian state-run Middle East News Agency (MENA) in a report from the Sudanese capital Khartoum, did not give exact. locations of the fighting or provide any figures. It said the troops encountered the forces of the rebel Sudan People's Liberation Army while on their way to Juba, the besieged capital of the southern Equatoria region. Juba is 1,200 kilometres south of Khartoum. The agency meanwhile quoted Ali Shummo, the Sudanese information minister, as saying that troop reinforcements have succeeded in entering Juba with large quantities of weapons, ammunition and food supplies, "accomplishing great victories on their way from Malakal to Juba." Malakal, the capital of the Upper Nile region, is 680 kilometres south of Khartoum.

## Sudan, Libya to sign integration agreement for merger in 4 years

KHARTOUM (R) - Sudan and Libya have agreed to sign integration pacts to pave the way for a merger in four years, realising Muammar Qadhafi's long-chetished dream of uniting with Africa's biggest country.

Sudanese military leader General Omar Hassan Al Bashir said Saturday night the pacts would achieve political, economic and security integration between

He told the Sudanese News Agency (SUNA) after returning from a two-day visit to Lihya his third visit there since June the two countries would merge in four years.

He said the proposed pacts provided for a joint supreme council, a joint ministerial body and a joint permanent secre-

"The proposal will be effective after its approval by the legislative bodies in both countries." he Libyan-style popular commit-tees set up in Sudan last year would be upgraded to legislative bodies to which the pact would be submitted for approval, be added, but did not elaborate.

Bashir dissolved parliament after seizing power in a coup in

He said Libyans would be allowed to visit Sudan without to Egyptians.

The Sudanese leader has repeatedly called for a merger between his country, Libya and Egypt.

He called Saturday, during a rally in Tripoli, for Arab unity from the Atlantic to the Gulf and said his junta would not rest until this was achieved.

Egypt has shown no interest in Bashir's unity calls. Last year it joined Iraq, Jordan and North

Yemen in a regional grouping called the Arah Cooperation Council (ACC).

Diplomats in Khartoum said

Sudan's need for economic and military aide from Libya may have been behind the merger

Libya has since the overthrow of Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri in 1985 been a main source of outside support for the Sudanese army in its tight against southern rebels.

It has also sold Sudan oil on concessionary terms. Arab unity is high on the poli-

tical agenda for Qadhafi, who has on several occasions called for Sudan and Libya to merge. Last year he urged Libya's

partners in the Maghreb Union Algeria, Tunisia, Morocco and Mauritania - to allow other countries, including Sudan, to

## Turkey blames Greek Cypriots for failure

ANKARA (R) - Turkey says the refusal by Greek Cypriots to accept political equality for Turkish Cypriots was the main reason for the failure of top-level talks in New York on reuniting the divided island.

"The basic reason for the failure is the fact that Greek Cypriots were not willing for serious and meaningful talks and have refused to accept the political equality of the Turkish Cyp-riots, the Turkish Foreign Ministry said in a statement issued late Saturday.

Week-long talks at the United Nations between Cypriot President George Vassiliou and Turkish Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash on reunifying the island. divided since 1974, collapsed Friday over the issue of self-determination for the Turks.

"Denktash has gone to the talks prepared to find a solution based on the equal partnership of the two peoples but his stand has again not been reciprocated by (Cyprus President George) Vassiliou," the Foreign Ministry state-

Denktash heads the breakaway "Turkish Republic of North Cyprus." proclaimed nine years after Turkish troops invaded the island in 1974 when the military junta then ruling Greece en-gineered a short-lived coup in

The state, comprising nearly 40 per cent of the island, is recognised only hy Turkey, which has about 29,000 troops there.

"Turkey hopes for a continuation of the talks. But for that it

Cypriot side abandoned its intransigent attitude it displayed once more in New York..." the Foreign Ministry statement added.

> Vassiliou said in New York that the main stumbling block in the talks, which included U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, was Denktash's insistence for the first time that the Turkish Cypriots be considered a people, with the right of selfdetermination, instead of a com-

The talks were aimed at forming a bi-communal federation in Cyprus, as mandated by the U.N. Security Council.

Denktash said in New York: "You cannot talk federation if there is no right to self-deterwould be useful if the Greek

## Kuwaiti prince meets pro-democracy group by some 6,000 people.

KUWAIT (R) — Leaders of Kuwait's pro-democracy move-ment have held more talks with a formula to guaran-tee the non-repetition of cirthe Crown Prince, Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah, on their demand for the return of parlia-

ment dissolved in 1986. Sheikh Saad, who is also prime minister of strategic Gulf state close to Iran, Iraq and Saudi Arabia, was quoted Sunday as saying the discussions focused on a formula to "safeguard our country and the blessing of security and stability and boost social and national nuity.'

He said the dialogue Saturday

Iragi daily

BAGHDAD (AP) — A leading Iraqi newspaper Sunday attacked what it described as "the Yankee

interventionist policies" in the Arab World and called for the

withdrawal of American forces

"Go back home Yankee, was

the slogan raised by all peoples of

from the Gulf.

cumstances which led to the failure of the (previous) democratic practice.

The Emir, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabab, dissolved the parliament, the liveliest in the Arab World, at the beight of the Iran-Iraq war. He cited a foreign conspiracy to destroy the state.

The pro-democracy movement

staged seven rallies in December and January. Police used tear gas, batons and stun grenades to

break up the final one, attended criticises U

Yankees don't believe in slogans these people have to resort to their own potential to force the Yankees out," the chief editor of the paper said in his editorial. President Saddam Hussein cal-

led last month on the United In a commentary rare for its States to pull out its force of strong wording, the army daily Al seven ships from the Gulf, down Qadissiya said the United States' from 27 at the peak of attacks on policy on the Arab World was neutral shipping during the Gulf still characterised by "conspiracies, threats and means of inva-

Saddam said they were no longer needed after a United Nations-sponsored ceasefire halted the Iran-Iraq war in August 1988. world... and because the Talks for a formal peace treaty

.S. policies have deadlocked. Iran has also called for the U.S. withdrawal. The U.S. government has said it intends to keep the naval forces it has operated in the Gulf since

> Iraq restored diplomatic relations with Washington in October 1984 after a 17-year rupture.

"As long as the Americans insist to play the Yankee role and support the crime of deporting a whole people from their own land and installing others in their place ... we are allowed to say frankly that America is living ont of this advanced age," the paper added.

## **JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR**

#### JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19 PROGRAMMIE ONE Programme review Children programmes ...... News summary in Arabic World News

Local programm

..... Arabic series

Programme review
News in Arabic

Local programmes

News summary in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO 18:00 ..... Arsen Lupin 19:00 ..... News in French Weekly Sport magazine
News in Hebrew | 19:48 | Varietics | 20:39 | Empty Nest | 21:14 | Houston | 21:49 | News in English | 21:29 | Midnight Caller

## Prayer Times ..... Dhuhr

#### CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifigh Tel. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785. St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel. 637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasenta Church Tel: 622366 Church of the Anamedation Tel. 623541, Anglican Church Tet. 625383, Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tet. 771331. Armenian Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. Syrian Orthodex Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 685326. The Clearch of Jesses Christ of Lat Day Saints Tel. 815817, 654932. WEATHER.

Bulletin supplied by the Department of A drop in temperatures will occur and scattered showers of rain are ex-pected. Winds will be northwesterly modrate. In Agaba, it will be partly

cloudy with a chance for scattered showers and winds will be southerly fresh and seas wavy. Min./max. temp. 5/15 Aqaba ...... 12 / 24 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 22, Aquiba 27. Humidity readings: Amman 28 per cent, Aquiba 26 per USEFUL TELEPHONE HUMBERS **NIGHT DUTY** AMMAN: Dr. Saced Abu Hatab Dr. Jamil Maraqa ..... Dr. Yousef Sammour Dr. Wael Khartabil .... 665917 First pharmacy ..... Ferdows pharmacy Al Ascma phan

Al Sharaa' pharmacy .... ZARQA: Dr. Mutoed Danna Khalifeh pharmacy EMERGENCIES

778336 Naironkh pharmacy Al Selam pharmacy Yacoub pharmacy Dr. Mohammad Al Zn'bi

985238

Civil Defence Department. Civil Defence Immediate 630341 Fire Brigade... Blood Bank ... 843402 630321 Hotel Complaints ...... Price Complaints ...... 661176 Water and Sewerage Complaints

Amman Municipality

Complaints

Telephone information 897467 787111 (directory assistance) .... Abdati Telephone Repairs
Jordan Television 623101 . 773(11 Radio Jordan ... Water Authority 774111 680100

Jordan Electricity Anthority ... 815615

HOSPITALS

AMMAN:

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity. J. Amn... 644281/6 Akileh Maternity J. Amn. 64241/2
Jahal Amman Maternity 642362
Malhas, J. Amnsa 636140
Palestine, Shmeisani 664(71/4
Shmeisani Hospital 669131 University Hospital ... Al-Muasher Hospital ... The Islamic, Abdali ... Al-Ahli, Abdali ... 667227/5 664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhaireen ... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh . *7*75t t 1/26 Amal Hospital . ... 674155 Amai respeaa ZARQA: Zarga Govt. Hospital ..... Zarga National Hospital ... Ibu Sina Hospital .... (09)983323 (09)991071 (09)986732 IREID: Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital Ibn Al Nafees Hospital.... AQABA: (02)272275 (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital .... (03)314111

FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights Damascus (RJ) ..... Sanaa (RJ)

99:80 99:15 .... Aqaba (RI) . Bagbdad (RI) ..... Cairo (RI) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ) ... Dhahran, Kuwait (RJ) 67:45 10:15 Larnaca (RJ) .... Cairo (RJ) 16:45 17:15 Istanbud (RI) ca, Tunis (RJ) ... Bangkok (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2)

. Sanza (LH)

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08):03200-5, where it should always be varified. DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminai 1) Bressels, Montreal, New York

Cziro (MS)
.... Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF)

Kuwait (KU

19:00 10:05

13:00 13:40

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Cairo (RI) Damesons (Ri 19:44 ... Bahrain, Doha (RI) ..... Jeddah (RI) 20:10 Dubai, Muscat (RJ) Other Flights (Terminal 2) Looden (BA) London (BA)
Beirut (ME)
Frankfurt (Lir)
Caho (MS)
Baghdad (IA)
Abu Dhabi, Bahmin (GF)
Kawait (KU) 10:10 10:55 11:00 13:45 15:00

MARKET PRICES Upper/lower price in fils per la 480 / 440 450 / 400 ammar) 400 / 350 750 / 650 750 / 650 60 / 40 180 / 140 130 / 100 180 / 140 250 / 200 420 / 380 500 / 420 Com .. Cucumbers (large) Cucumbers (small) Eggplant 700 / 600 250 / 200 200 / 170 150 / 120 150 / 100 250 / 200 269 / 200 Onion (green) .. 200 / 160

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800 / 900 700 / 600

220 / 189

470 / 400 150 / 100 160 / 120

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Baghdad (AF)
Paris (AF)

## Ers, King explains move to **Arabise armed forces**

King Hussein Sunday scut a cable to the commander of the Palestine Liberation Army (PLA) stationed in Jordan in reply to a cable the PLA commander sent congratulating the King on the 34th anniversary of the Arabisation of the Jordanian Armed

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The King said that he took the decision to Arabise the Armed Forces "in accordance with the national requirements of the time to mobilise Arab forces at the frontline in the face of the common enemy, and in defence of the Arab Nation."

"This decision reflected Jordan's deep commitment to serving Arab causes in general and

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty the Palestine cause in particular and to back the Palestinian people's heroic stand and struggle for freedom," the King said.

PLA commander Brigadier Naim Al Khatib, in his congratulatory cable to the King, said "Your decision to hand over the ·leadership to Arab commanders reflects Jordan's true commitment and determination to shoulder its responsibilities in the face of the threats posed to Jordan and to deal with the hostile plans directed against Jordan and the Palestine cause.

Khatib also paid tribute to King Hussein for his endeavours to build the Armed Forces to deal with Israeli plots and aggression on the Arab Homeland.

## **Parliament speakers** meet Amnesty chief

AMMAN (J.T.) — Upper House Speaker Ahmad Lawzi met Sunday with Amnesty International Secretary General Ian Martin and reviewed with him Israel's oppressive measures against the Palestinian people in the occupied territories.

Lawzi also pointed out that Soviet Jewish immigration to Israel constitutes a violation of the human rights of the Palestinian people, the Jordan News Agency, Petra, said.

Martin said his organisation plays an important role in exposing Israeli practices against the Palestinians and praised the efforts made by His Majesty King Hussein to safeguard human dignity and his serious endeavours and interest in abolishing martial law in Jordan and ensuring the success of the parhamentary march in the

Lower House Speaker Sulciman Arar also met with Martin.

The parliamentary march and the democratic and political life in Jordan and the functions of the various parliamentary committees, were the focus of the talks.

.Arar also reviewed with Martin cooperation between the legisla-tive and executive authorities in The speaker pointed out to the

recent government moves to abolish martial law and the anticommunism law, which is now being studied by the House's Legal Committee.

Arar also raised the issue of Israel's practices in the occupied territories.

Martin reviewed the nature of Amnesty's work, pointing out that the human rights organisa-tion gives priority to monitoring the situation in the occupied terri-

He stressed the important role which the Lower House can play strengthening democratic

## Ministry signs accords to help Rweished

AMMAN (Petra) - The Ministry of Agriculture and three local companies Sunday signed agreements designed to help carry out parts of a project for the development of the Rweished region near the Iraqi border, a project initiated in 1988.

Minister of Agriculture Sulciman Arabiyat, who signed the agreements, said the agreements entail providing water pumps and

wells at a cost of JD 90,000. The agreements also provide for the preparation of geological studies and soil testing at four different areas and engineering designs and tender documents for the construction of a services centre and a maintenance unit at

a cost of JD 150,000, he said. The Rweished project is in-tended to provide basic services, including schools, and a services

centre and housing units for workers on the project. It is hoped that the project can help raise the economic and social standards of local residents, the

According to Mohammad Shakahtreh, director of the Hammad project which includes Rweished region, local teams have so far drilled six artesian wells with an overall capacity of one million which will be sufficient for the region's needs. Other civil works pertaining to the project, including two desert dams together storing up to 13 million cubic metres of water and a veterinary centre have also been carried out, Shakahtreh said.

He said that a girls school built at a cost of JD 110,000 will be completed before the end of

## Famous pianist to give recital today

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Noor Al Hussein Foundation's National Music Conservatory and the British Council in Amman present famous British pianist John Clegg in a recital at g p.m., Monday at the main hall of the Royal Cultural Centre.

The recital includes works by Mozart, Faure, Liszt and Rachmaninoff, in addition to British composers Edward MacDowell (1861-1908) and Alan Rawsthorne (1905-1971).

John Clegg is Jordan's most regular musical visitor from the United Kingdom. He first played in Amman in 1969.

Based at Lancaster University, he divides his time between teaching mathematics and the no less rigorous demands of a remarkable series of concert-tours across the world, playing both solo works and concertos.

PE 5

Clegg studied music with the distinguished teacher, the late Herbert Pryer, and after three years' study at Jesus College, Cambridge, gave his first London recital in 1951.

Since then he has, in addition to giving numerous concerts in the United Kingdom, appeared in many countries worldwide. Frequent tours of the Middle East, the Far East and Europe, are interspersed with visits to Canada, Mexico, South America and Australia.

Well known as a broadcaster for the British Broadcasting Corporation, he has also played for radio and television in many countries, often including specialist works by British composers and lesser-played figures like Faure, Max Reger and Meditner. Each season sees a total of some 20 countries visited.

#### WHAT'S GOING ON

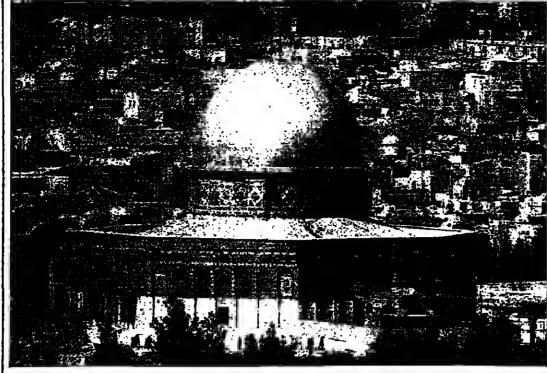
The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned institutions.

#### EXHIBITIONS

- Baddawi at the gallery, Hotel Jordan Inter-Continental - 9:00 а.т. - 7:00 р.т.
- \* Exhibition by Jordanian artist Hassan Jalal at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- \* Exhibition by plastic artists Arij Al Hamad and Ibrahim Al Nabahneh at the Housing Bank Complex. \* Graphic art exhibition by Ne'mat Al Nasser at the Yarmouk University.

#### CONCERT

★ Piano concert by John Clegg at the Royal Cultural Centre —



The Dome of the Rock Mosque in occupied Jeru-salem. The Israeli occupation power's violations of the sanctity of Islamic holy places in Jerusalem and

elsewhere in the occupied territories will be discus-sed by a conference to be held in Amman in June.

## Meeting to review Israeli violations of Islamic shrines

AMMAN (Petra) — Questions related to the inlux of Soviet Jews to Palestine and the history of Al Agsa Mosque in Jerusalem as well as Israel's practices against Islamic holy places since 1948 will be among the main topics to be reviewed by an international symposium on Jerusalem affairs to be held here in the second half of

An announcement by the General Islamic Conference on

the meeting, said Sunday nearly 100 Muslim scholars and researchers from various Islamic countries are expected to take part in the symposium.

Several research papers and documents on the history of the places, particularly Al Aqsa Mosque and Islamic institutions in Jerusalem, will be reviewed.

Jerusalem, which is organising studies on Zionist actions like excavations under the Al Aqsa Mosque and the dangers inherent m such practices and means of confronting them will be discussed by the scholars.

It said that the role of Islamic countries' information services Holy City and Islamic holy and the media in defence of Jerusalem and its holy places in the face of continued settlement of Iews and violations of the sanctity Research papers dealing with of holy places would be discussed

#### Major trade centre planned tribute part of the cost of the

AMMAN (Petra) --- Preparations are under way for setting up an international trade centre in Amman in which several major commercial firms are partici-

pating. Mohammad Asfour, chairman of the Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce, said in a statement that the centre, whose initial capital will amount to JD 84,000, would serve as a shareholding company grouping the federation, the Amman Chamber of Industry, the Jordanian Commercial Centres Corporation and the Jordanian Exporters Society. Asfour said a special American essistance programme for the pri-

vate sector in Jordan would con-

institutions. The centre, Asfour said, is expected to help stimulate transform Jordan into a regional trad-

centre hy paying a sum equal to the contributions by Jordanian

ing centre in view of its geographical location and skilled manpower potential. Trade talks with Libya

In another development, the Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce announced Sunday that it would participate in talks to be held in Lihya in May to boost Jordanian-Libyan trade. Talks will be conducted by the Jordanian Commercial Centres Corporation and the federation in Tripoli with the purpose of increasing the volume of trade between the two countries, the federation said. It said that the Jordanian delegation would orient Libyans on the Kingdom's industrial and agricultural products and brief investors on the opportunities for investment in Jordan.

The federation has also formed two-member team to go to Tunis later this month to pave the way for convening a Jordanian economic seminar there to orient Tunisians on Jordan's industrial and economic potentials and investment opportunities.

## **Bilad Al Sham review opens**

AMMAN (J.T.) — The fifth international conference on the history of Bilad Al Sham opened at the University of Jordan Sunday under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan and the participation of a large number of Arah and foreign scholars and historians.

The five-day conference, orga-nised by the University of Jordan and Yarmouk University in cooperation with Damascus University, will review 11 topics covering administration and institutions, population, taxes, commerce,

agriculture and water resources. lands. industry, currency, architecture and arts, and scientific and literary life during the Abbasid era. Senate Speaker Ahmad Al

Lawzi, deputising for Prince Hassan, addressed the opening session underlining the need for rewriting the history of Bilad Al Sham. He said that a great deal of false and misleading information had been included in books and writings about the Arab region. mostly by non-Arabs. It is the duty of Arab historians and scholars to put things right and it is the responsibility of Arab and Islamic institutions and academies to help scholars carry out their mission, Lawzi said.

The participants will review the Ahbasid period from 750 A.D. to 1059 and will also review research papers and hear lectures on Bilad

Al Sham during the Abbasid era. After the opening session, the delegates visited an exhibition held at the Department of Antiquities displaying artifacts and various objects representing various civilisations in the Arab region and in the Islamic period.

## Seminar tackles population

IRBID (J.T.) - A three-day national seminar on communications, population and development opened at Yarmouk University Sunday under the patron-age of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan.

Yarmouk University President Ali Mahafzah, who deputised for Prince Hassan, opened the sessions with a speech outlining the university's endeavours in socioeconomic development and education over the past 14 years

ment of human beings and their skills with which economic development can continue." said that human resources development was of paramount importance in a country with one of the highest population growth rates in the world.

of its existence. "Comprehensive

development in Jordan," be said,

'takes into account the develop-

United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) Resident Representative Ali Attiqa referred in his speech to the volume of

assistance provided by the UNDP and the United Nations Fund for Population Activities to finance population projects in Jordan. He said UNDP spent \$4 million on these projects and training programmes. The seminar is designed to focus attention on the population situation in Jordan, the impact of population growth in the country, the role of communications in dealing with population problems and the inclusion of the subject of population education in school curricula

## Baddawi — rhythms of rural life

By Nelly Lama Special to the Jordan Times

MMAN — Jordanian artist Youssef Baddawi's exhibition of oils, gouaches and watercolours captures the warmth of the Middle Eastern sun as it seeps through the colourful attire of people at an open marketplace. As he uses maroon and yellow ochre, he reaches rather exotic ethnic effects. He halances his scarlet with emerald green and the rhythmic figures suddenly acquire an unforeseen solemnity.

Baddawi's work ranges from realistic figuration to total abstraction. In both cases the rhythms never cease and the sweeping composition always seems to acquire one or two verticals, usually standing figures, to counterbalance the sway with solidity. Figures standing in different pauses against flat space offer a rich palette of colours.

The different directions and rhythms of figures are overwhelmed by a large expanse of ochre sky that shuts off the rhythms and makes the interlocking group appear restful and

He paints a solemn and monumental "Veiled Woman" that, in spite of its small size, tells of respect and awe to the person depicted. A large, dark veil, a centralised seated figure, it is reminiscent of the Gothic Madonna of Cimabue.

A snow scene in cool hlue and green of a road that converges inward speedily onto the horizon and swerves around a wall that acts as a counterpoint to it. This is flanked by two trees that bring about calm to an otherwise dynamic thrusts.

Baddawi handles another

theme, and develops its infinite possibilities, the world of chil-dren. He paints little girls squatting, playing a game, yawning, dreaming. This allows him to draw the body in motion, in a wide range of poses. The colours he uses here are more vivid and less heavy than in his rural paint-

ings. In the background he leaves a large empty space, an effect typical of his early works. He adds a hint of solid, vertical architectural elements that create a contrast with the folding bodies.

His gouaches, opaque and tinted reiterate the theme of man in space. One seated man, done with flatly filled spaces and no external outline, reminds us of the work of American artist Milton Avery.

It is unfortunate that in such an exhibition, we find some watercolours that are a detriment to the artist, since they not only show his lack of mastery of the medium, which I stress is very difficult to handle, hut also a lack of access, of sensitivity to the medium, to its transparencies. If we can turn a blind eye to that, we can assume that this is a highly successful exhibition by an artist who paints what he lives. The exhibition is being held at the Gallery at the Jordan Inter. Con-

## Japanese envoy highlights warm relations with Jordan

NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Sunday sent a cahle to Nicaraguan President-elect Violeta Chamorro congratulating her on her election and wishing her continued good health and

happiness and the Nicaraguan people further progress and prosper-ity. King Hussein also sent a similar cable to Namibian President Sam Nujoma congratulating him on his election.

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday received cables from Lebanese President Elias Hrawi and United Arab

Emirates President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan. Hrawi,

who was flying over Jordanian airspace en route to Saudi Arabia,

cabled good wishes to the King and thanked him for efforts to serve

the pan-Arab causes. Sheikh Zayed wished the King continued good health, happiness and success, and the Jordanian people further progress and prosperity. The UAE leader's cable came as a

AMMAN (Petra) — Prime Minister Mudar Badran Sunday

received three Jordanian citizens who have made generous donations to the treasury and thanked them for their contribu-

tions," which reflect the donors' sense of belonging and their love

of their homeland." Khuloud Jao'ni, a journalist, contributed all

the jewelry she owned to the treasury while retired serviceman

Faeq Rashed Al Khuzai' donated all his annual pension to the

treasury. A third citizen, Ghaleb Al Hunoud, contributed JD 1,000 to the treasury. Earlier Alia Mohammad Abu Tayeh contributed

AMMAN (Petra) — Deputising for Her Majesty Queen Noor,

Prime Minister Mudar Badran's wife Sunday opened an art

exhibition by Siham Al Saudi. The eight-day exhibition, held at the

Jordan Intercontinental Hotel, includes 44 ceramic plates reflecting

reply to a cable sent by the King.

her jewelry to the treasury.

Arab and Muslim heritage.

Ceramic exhibition opened

Badran meets generous citizens

King receives cables from Arab leaders

King congratulates Chamorro, Nujoma

AMMAN (J.T.) — Tadayuki Nonoyama, ambassador of Japan to Jordan, delivered a lecture entitled "Japan-Jordan Relations" at the Jordan University of Science and Technology (JUST)

In his address, Ambassador Nonoyama gave the outline of the remarkable development of Japanese-Jordanian relations despite their hrief history of 15 years since the countries opened their respective embassies in Am-

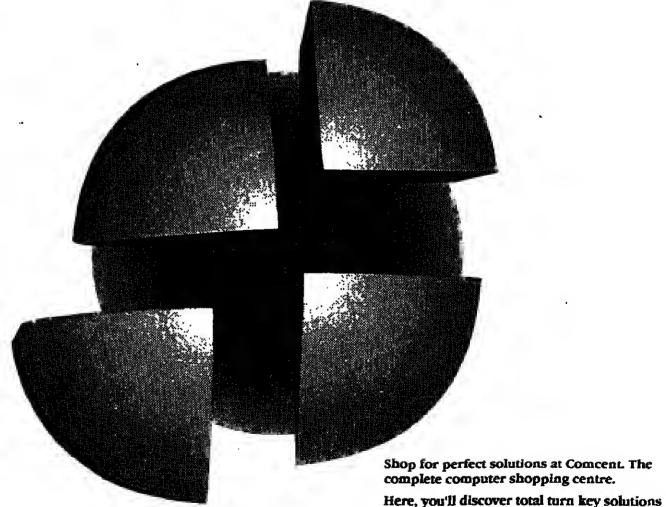
man and Tokyo. He highlighted the warm relationship of mutual respect and friendship between Japan's imperial family and Jordan's royal family and close cooperation between Japan and Jordan in the political, economic and cultural

Nonoyama said Japan's position on the Middle East was identical with that of Jordan. He also described Japan's active cooperation in Jordan's efforts in economic and social develop-

Nonoyama also explained the development of science and technology in Japan and large scale research and development proiccts now under way in Japan. He said that the development of science and technology would play a significant role in the nation's economic and social develop-

The text of the ambassador's address will appear in two parts in tomorrow's and Wednesday's editions of the Jordan Times.

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## Yemens set example

MORTH and South Yemen are setting a fine example of how Arab unity can be arhieved. The agreement reached between the two states Saturday to merge their central banks, ports. customs, posts and communications and media offers the most operational step yet that any two Arab states have taken in recent years to forge unity between them. Sana'a and Aden are in effect showing the way to other Areb countries which talks a lot about achieving unity among themselves but do nothing about it.

in effect the Arab history now in the making in that part of the Arab World, must serve as a true nucleus for Arab unification. Closer to home, the exemplary path taken by the two Yemeni states needs to be viewed also as a fine example for the Arab Cooperation Council countries to emulate. Anything short of what the two Yemeni states are doing would berder more on the rhetorical and the lack of

substance and coherence. This is not to suggest that current conditions in the Arab World are ripe for absolute unity overnight or that total and complete unity among them can be achieved by one giant

heap ferward. Raiber it is a recommendation that practical step-by-step approaches be taken on the long road towards tetal Arab unity. The Arab people are simply tired of hearing so much about Arab unification when there is really nothing that is being done to implement that noble yet elusive goal. The least that Arab nationalists would like to see is the beginning of an Arab federal state commencing with the existing three Arab principal Arab groupings, the Gulf Corperation Council in the Gulf region, the Arab Cooperation Council in the Near East and finally the Maghreb Union in North Africa. Even a loose federation within and among these three groupings of Arab states could serve as a solid start on which more can be built in due course. The Yemeni experiment can be most helpful to all Arab states if they are genuine about their call for Arab unity. Then a new Arab edifice can be constructed on the Arab League structure to service the federal needs of the nawly established Arab federations. Meanwhile the two Yemeni states deserve to be congratulated for making at least part of the Arab dream come true. Now the rest of the Arab World can have in the Yemeni agreements something honourable and practical to look up to it as they push their respective governments for more concrete actions and steps towards Arab unity.

#### JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

There is no doubt that King Hussein and Iraqi President Saddam Hassein realise that their meetings and their consultations ought Hassem realise that their meetings and their consultations ought to be deepened and become part of a joint action serving the whole Arab Nation, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Sunday. The paper said that it is not enough to rise to the level of the international developments, but rather to realise that the end of the cold war in Europe could ushe: in a new war directed against the Arabs; and could pave the way for a package deal among major powers at the expense of the Arab countries and others in the developing when the tree is no doubt that the Arabs are now convinced that there can be no story for justing programmation and delay in taking be no room for further procrastination and delay in taking meaningful steps towards their unity and towards pooling all resources in the face of the common challenges, the paper noted. The first step, it said, should be a translation of their declaration and their joint statements into practice, especially concerning the influx of jews into Palestine. The Arabs can not expect the Europeans and other nations to take moves that can serve the Arab Nation's interests. If the Arabs themselves are serious enough in their planning and their joint efforts, the first step to safeguard Arab interests should be taken in and by the Arab World, the paper concluded.

Writing in A! Ra'i Arabic daily columnist Tareq Masarweh says that the Anab countries have no power over Lehanon; and can do very little to settle the internal strife that has torn the country apart. Commenting on President Hrawi's planned tour of Arah states to seek support for his government, the writer says that Hrawi who was elected by the Lebanese parliament and who represents the legitimate government in Lebanon should first take the step of imposing his government's will and power over the part of Lebanon supposedly under his control. The Syrians also have a role to olay in helping the president achieve this end by imposing control over the militias in Beirut and other cities, and by helping to collect the weapons which they had been using to kill one another and devastate their country, the writer notes. He says once the legitimate power has imposed its control by word and deed on the western areas of Beirut and other parts of Lebanon, the way will be paved for dealing with the other remaining, and relatively small pockets which have so far refused to recognise the government of Hrawi and are still defying all forms of legitimate and contral power in Lebanon.

Al Dustour daily commented on Israel's han on reports about the settlement of Soviet Jaws in the occupied Arah territories, and said it was part of the Zionist plan to settle Jewish immigrants in all of Palestine without fanfare. It said that the Israeli government does not want to focus light on this question so as to escape all forms of international oressure to persuade the Jewish state to refrain from such action. The paper said despite the Israeli measures. Western sources have been reporting an escalation of efforts for the settlement of the newcomers in the West Bank. The paper said that perhaps the Israeli government wanted by this approprient and this can to escape any pressure from the United States following U.S. Secretary of State James Baker's warning that Washington will not provide any assistance to Israel should it pursue its present settlement policies. Therefore we expect from the United States to back its words with deeds and refrain from extending help to israel until it refrains from pursuing such illegal practices, the paper said.

Weekly Political Pulse

# Time to reassess non-alignment

THE Non-Aligned Movement must now feel it is up the creek in the wake of the end of the cold war and the easing of West-East polarisation. The movement must soon include itself in a soul-searching debate about its future, now that it has lost its raison d'etre as a caretaker of the interests of nations not aligned to the traditional, post-World War II East-West alliances.

If it is not already doing so, it sure must do so soon if not on the official level then privately. I suspect that the movement's next meeting must address the direct issue of whether the movement can continue as it is presently constituted in the view of the dramatic changes in the international arena, ft must be recalled that the movement was established in the first place to protect the interests and well-being of the developing countries in the context of the multi-dimensional rivalry between the East and the West Blocs as they were traditionally constituted till the advent of the recent changes in international relations. There is no doubt that the premise on which the Non-Aligned Movement was created has completely lost its contents and meaning and can be, for all intents and purposes, declared null and void. There is an entirely new ball game in the world now characterised by the formation of new axes of power unrelated to the hitherto orthodox East-West conflicts. Given these realities, the members of the Non-Aligned Movement need to regroup themselves on regional basis with more emphasis than ever on economic formations and common regional markets. Super economic blocks are destined to overshadow all other manifestations of power in the world for much of the 21st century. United Germany will exercise a central role in the European economic theatre; Japan will play a parallel role in the Far East and North America, the U.S. and Canada will fiercely compete against the two economic blocs.

There is no way that the Non-Aligned Movement can maintain even a resemblance of a united economic or political power bloc in view of the diversity of the interests of its members and the deep-rooted contradictions in their structures be they economic, social, political or even cultural. The only viable course for the movement to take is to subdivide and regroup on the basis of regional or economic commonality of interest. The African members of the movement should think in terms of several formations. The same could be said for the Asian and Latin American countries which had chosen in the past the path of non-alignment for the articulation of their policies and principles. One can already discern that even the Arab League has begun the process of disintegration followed by Arah regrouping on the basis of three principal regional councils, one serving the North African Arab countries, the other catering to the needs of the Near East Arab countries and the third serving the Arab Gulf region. Even these three sub-regional Arab formations need more streamlining in order to assure a higher degree of cohesion and convergence of interests. There is no way the Arab League, as currently structured, can survive the genesis of the new Arab

groupings. It too will have to restructure itself and streamline its operations and activities along new guide-lines and principles. At best, the Arab League may end up being a secretariat to service the needs of the three Arab formations, nothing more, nothing else. In this vein, all its diplomatic offices around the world would have to close up because they ended up redundant and super-

The same applies to the Non-Aligned Movement and its activities and operations worldwide. The movement, like the Arab League, is a prime example of an organisation which has been atrophied by the advent of contemporary events and developments that left it with nothing to do. The best that the members of the movement can do to salvage themselves from getting lost in the new international arena is to opt for some association or another with one of the emerging centres of economic power in the world. Latin American countries would naturally chose the U.S.-Canadian axis, the African and Near East Asian countries would logically opt in principle for some preferential treatment within the expanded European Common Market and the rest of Asian countries may very well go Japan's way where they may hope to enjoy some form of connection or another.

Whatever the final shape and form of the dis-memberment of the Non-Aligned Movement, the movement itself will wither away as fast as the new rapid transformations in the world take

## E. European staté-run media sing a different tune drive to anchor Germany in EC

By Viorel Urma The Associated Press

VIENNA, Austria - East Germany's Neues Deutschland, once the thundering voice of the Communist party, is now advertising movies, johs and vacation homes in the West,

In Bulgaria, angry readers huy the Communist party newspaper just to tear it up,
All over Eastern Europe,

formerly omnipotent Communist dailies, for decades the voice of Marxist-Leninist governments, are facing hard times.

With Communist rule crumbling after more than 40 years of single-party dominance, the state-run press is changing its tune in a bid to keep readership. Survival means providing credible alternatives to new independent newspapers across the re-gion that cover new parties, issues and grievances.

While some of the East bloc's media flagships have followed the parties into oblivion, others are trying to avoid the same fate by attracting foreign investors or

In Romania, where Communist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu was toppled and executed in December, the former party daily Scinteia (Spark) was renamed Adevarul (Truth) and is no longer the party's voice.

"The Communist party is dead. It self-dissolved because of its close association with Ceausescu's tyrannical rule," interim President Ion Iliescu said.

In its reborn version, Adevarul calls itself an independent daily. It prints stories lambasting Ceausescu's barsh hrand of Communism in a break with the old practice of glorifying the

In Bulgaria, rivalries between readers of a new opposition daily, democracy, and those of the revamped Communist party daily apparently set off a newspaper spat in February.

To the Editor:

Delo (Workers' Cause) acknow-

Democracy urged its readers not to tear up Rabotnichesko Delo, saying this was "uncivilised." ft suggested that readers dissatisfied with the Communist daily should mail it back to the

In Czechoslovakia, editors of the Communist party daily apologised for spreading untruths, propaganda and offensive language against those who dared to deviate from the party line in the years before the leadership was ousted in November.

"Serious political debate was abandoned in favour of personal attacks and scandalisation of people whose opinions differed from those of the Communist lead-ership," said Zdenek Porybny, who became editor in January. For years, Rude Pravo artack-

ed Vaciav Havel and other promment dissidents. Now Havel has become Czechoslavakia's presi-The paper got a facelift as well

as a change of editorial policy. Since the beginning of the year, it has been published in a smaller format but has almost doubled its pages to 16. Soviet-style medal insignias have been dropped from the masthead.

Circulation dropped by about 200,000 to 920,000 after the peaceful November revolution, and that may be not enough for the paper to survive. Deputy edi-tor Michal Rizak admitted that about three per cent of the copies

on the newsstands are never sold. East Germany's Neues Deutschland has changed its name to Socialist Daily and added such features as a serialised novel. crossword puzzle and a television guide including West German listings.

**LETTERS** 

Sally

ALTHOUGH f don't always agree with Mariam Shahin's ideas, f think she is a good writer and her articles in Focus On People are interesting because they usually "focus" on the ordinary people who make the contract of the property of the contract of the co

who make up our society.

In "Upstairs, downstairs," (Jordan Times, February 26),
Mariam's article brought to mind a family of my acquaintance

who once had a servant named Sally. Sally, a Filipina too, was

from Manila and like Rose had a college degree but because of lower wages offered in the Philippines, sought employment in

Sally also had to work long hours daily. She had to put up with

Sally was never allowed to be a friend of this "elite family who

were continually occupied with sticking their noses up in the air.

Aithough she had to take care of Madam's children, the children

were taught that Sally was quite inferior to their social status. Meanwhile, the family's only son, a horrible brat, would hit and kick Sally and humiliate her.

Sally was never supposed to look pretty which was difficult because she was pretty, much prettier than her "Madam." She was not allowed to fix her hair, wear make-up, nail polish or nice

clothes and was snubbed because she refused to wear the old rags

She also worked long hours without complaining and her meals were a work of art. Everything Sally touched turned into near

After quite a few years of excellent service, Sally was dismissed

Perhaps if people around Sally were nicer, she at least could

As for Mr. and Mrs. Snoh and children, I don't know what kind

have taken a better idea of the Arab countries back home with her

of servant they have now. Certainly few could compare with Sally.

It's too bad and sad that Sally was never good enough for the family who employed her. It seems they had an all too common

theory: "All people are created equal, but some are more equal than others."

E. Yaghi

<u>Amman</u>

and who knows, she may have accepted Islam too.

without explanation. She was never appreciated by the family she

the snohbery of the Madam of the house who treated her poor

servant with a "Holier Than Thou" attitude.

that were forced on ber.

worked for.

In a commentary entitled, "Auto-da-fe — without fire," the Communist daily Rabotnichesko million subscribers, hut it needs Delo (Workers' Cause) acknowledged that many copies of the
paper bought in Sofia in midrebruary were torn up on the

ist party. In its new garb, the newspaper gives coverage to opposition poli-tical parties that Neues Dentschland never would have acknowledged before the old regime fell last autumn

Among the latest gimmicks to attract more readers are advertisements for films in West Germany and vacation homes in Italy, and even West German products and jobs.

"Now, we are huying the paper not to listen to his mastet's voice any more, but to find out what's going on around us," said Uwe Endlinger, an East Berlin auto worker.

In Hungary, ownership of the former Communist party organ Nepszabadsag passed over to the Hungarian Socialist party when it changed its name in October. This has also resulted in a less approach to political reporting.

In a more spectacular move,
British press baron Robert Max-

well bought a 40-per cent share in the former Communist-run govemment daily Magyar Nemzet to save it from Bankruptcy.

Maxwell said he regarded his Hungarian investment as the first

of several media joint ventures in the East bloc. In Poland, where the Polish United Workers (Communist) party dissolved in late January, its newspaper, Trybuna Ludu changed its name to Trybuna, dropping the red headlines and the medals across the hanner.

## Irish prime minister-leading cerns "would be directed most at

possible domination.

cooperation.

German economic might and

Haughey, who has served three unconnected terms as Irish prime

minister, is pleased that Germany would remain in the European Community after unification,

participating in the transition to a Europe of shared interests and

"A Germany remaining a full and committed member of the

European Community is a great

reassurance," he said.
Still, Haughey admits the turn

that can guide us on how to handle it," he said.

Haughey is counting heavily on the good sense of West German

officials and a European deter-

most of the burden of rehabilitat-

ing East Germany, the 11 other

**European Community members** 

intend to provide assistance with

trade and investment prog-

"In short," he said, "there will

While West Germany will bear

mination to pull together.

There are no rules or texts

of events is unprecedented.

By Barry Schweid The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — It is falling to the prime minister of Ireland, in this season of rapid change, to see what can be done to anchor the emerging new and more powerful Germany in a democratic Euro-

pean Community.

Ireland is the only neutralist country in the 12-nation community, But Charles J. Haughey, the prime minister, is not neutral about the task at hand.

As the president of the European Council, a job that rotates every six months, Hanghey called on President George Bush this week and held other meetings around town that, for a change, were not focused on the trouble in Northern Ireland.

Like most Europeans, he considers unification of East Germany and West Germany inevitable — and a good thing. But he knows a lot of people are anxious, and Haughey feels the best way to allay those concerns especially economic ones - is to wrap Germany into the European Community, which is on a fast track to economic union. He also favours stronger U.S.

colossus, accounting for 25 per cent of the gross national product of the 12 Community countries. In a merger, East Germany would integrate its currency with

wealthy West Germany, likely touching off inflation as East Germans acquire long-denied consumer goods. The fact that a reunited Germany will be even stronger militarily is another source of worry

to its neighbours, although

Haughey said any European con-

ties to Europe. West Germany is an economie

very big cos Germany in, and to bring it up to West European standards.' A European Community development bank will be ready to make loans to all the East Euro-

pean countries as they switch to non-Marxist systems, and to the Soviet Union as well. "Fortunately," Haughey said, "Germany is the member ablest

most easily to bear this burden. It can handle it with the greatest skill and determination.

Moreover, Germany is anchored by the 35-nation European Security Conference. This is the grouping of the Soviet Union neutral nations and the United States and Canada with a common commitment to human

Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev's proposal for a summit later this year to promote a "common European home" has U.S. support provided human rights are enshrined at the summit as a fundamental principle. The summit was to have been

held in 1992, "Moving it up reflects everyone's anxiety to deal with the German issue," Haughey said. There are anxieties - concerns may be a better word. I think, on the whole, people will be relieved

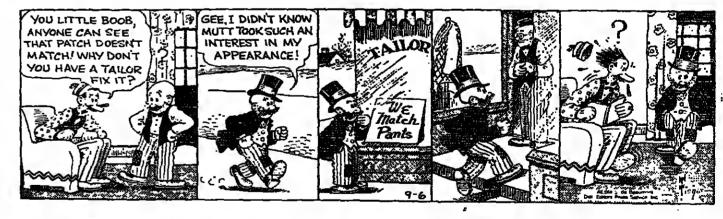
by these factors." A strong nationalist who has worked as a barrister and an accountant, Haughey is considered a canny analyst. His analysis of European integration is that it is unstoppable, despite British Prime Minister Margaret Thatch-

er's reservations. . In seeking stronger U.S. ties to the community. Haughey worked out with Bush a plan for semiannual meetings of the presidents of the United States and the European Council, as well as meetings twice a year between Secretary of State James Baker and the 12 Community foreign

ministers. All this is fine with the Bush administration. The "new architecture" Baker has proposed for Europe includes closer U.S.

But that doesn't mean Haughey favours U.S. membership in the community. "There cannot be a 13th seat at the table," he said. The Europeans intend to make integration decisions themselves.

## Mutt'n' Jeff



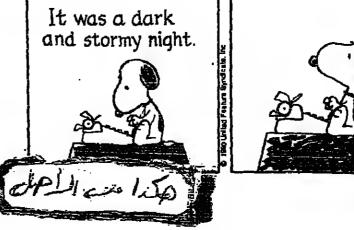
#### **Andy Capp**







## **Peanuts**







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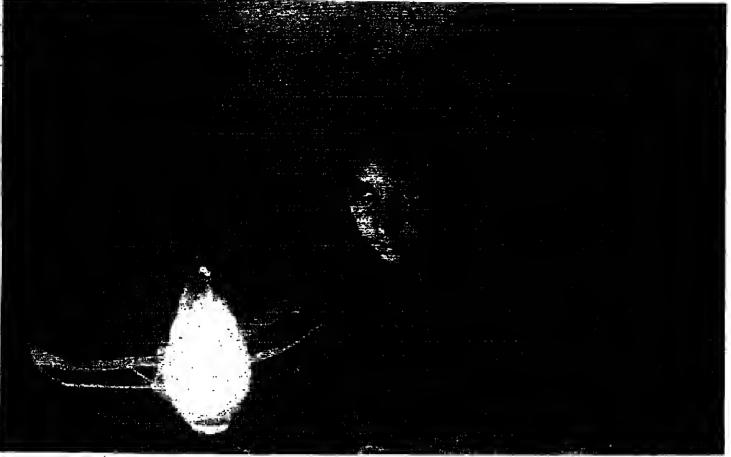
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## UNIPAL — helping Palestinians learn

ties Educational Fund for Palestimian Refugees sees education as a mutual process, involving both giving and receiving. There is not only a need for Palestinians to develop their skills, but also for British and other Westerners to learn about Palestinians; their culture, their history and their present situation.

In order to use most fruitfully our limited resources, we concentrate on those forms of help that benefit not only individuals, but also communities. They are:
1. Courses in England for

Palestinian nurses and teachers. In view of the desperate need for more well-trained nurses in Lebanon it is from there that Unipal helps Palestinian nurses to come to Britain. The courses arranged for them through the cooperation of British hospitals enable them to return as clinical tutors and so pass on their knowledge and improved skills to

nurses still in training.
Teachers of English come in their summer vacation for language courses generously given by language schools here and they are welcomed into English homes. Most of them have never had the chance before to be with English-speaking people, let alone come to England. They gain not only in knowledge and

use of the language but in know-ledge of the country from which the language sprang, and new ideas for teaching: all of which benefit their pupils. British people — nurses and staff in hospitals, hosts, teachers and foreign students in the lan-

guage schools, many of them meeting Palestinians for the first time, learn a great deal from them, and some lasting friendships are formed. Unipal pays for air fares and travel in Britain, and contributes to maintenance. So in spite of the generosity of the language schools and hospitals, the cost to

us is considerable. 2. Financial aid for Palestinian educational projects.

There is an urgent need for kindergartens in the continually devasted refugees camps of South Lebanon. Unipal makes a special effort to raise funds for them, carmarking annual Flag Days in various centres for this purpose.

Struggling institutions for dis-advantaged children and students in the Israeli-occupied territories receive our support as far as our resources allow.

Now because of the many Palestinians disabled as a result of the attempt to suppress the in-tifada in the occupied territories, we plan to give support to a training school for physiotherapists — who are urgently needed. The volunteer programme in

the Middle East. Every summer we send 40 to 60 young people to the Middle East during the long vacation to share their skills with Palestinians. Some participate in manual workcamps or in summer activities with children. But most teach English. Good English is essential for higher education, for most skilled jobs and for international communication. The demand to learn better English is so great among all age groups that we also send ont several qualified teachers of English as a foreign lammage on year-long contracts to

teach in refugee camps. In the past the majority of volunteers have gone to the Israeli-occupied territories (West Bank and Gaza). But while the intifada continués it is not possible, unfortunately, to carry out a normal programme in these territories. However, we hoped to expand a new project in Jordan which was set up in 1988 in cooperation with UNRWA (United Nations Relief and Works Agency), as Jordan has the largest concentration of Palesti-

man refugees. We shall also continne to send volunteers to Palestinian communities in Israel, educational opportunities for them there being severely hmited. This project was started in

Summer volunteers pay their own fares to the Middle East but we have to pay for the maintenance of some, for local transport and for books; and part of the costs of year-long volunteers. These expenses make a heavy call on our budget,

Unipal volunteers obtain an intimate view of how Palestinians have to live, experience their warmth and friendliness and learn something for their courage in adversity. Many subsequently decide to go on helping Palest-nians in other ways.

Some volunteers have returned to Palestine to work in various capacities (e.g. on the staff of Birzeit University and as UN-RWA) personnel).

Two excellent books on Gaza by ex-volunteers have been published; "Bantustan Gaza" by Richard Locke and Alistair Stewart, "Stateless in Gaza" by Paul Cossali and Clive Robson. MERC (Middle East Resour-

ce Centre), started and run by former Unipal volunteers, has helped to bring Palestine before the British public, especially on

CAABU (Council for the Advancement of Arab-British Understanding) has drawn on our ex-volunteers for staff; and the CRAG (CAABU Religions Affairs Group) newsletter bas been edited by former volun-

The first QPS (Quaker Peace and Service) coordinator for their Middle East volunteer program-me was originally a Unipal volunteer and a number of QPS volunteers have had their first experi-

ence of the Middle East through Returned volunteers have also worked with MAP (Medical Aid for Palestinians) and in the Mid-dle East section of Amnesty In-

ternational. Apart from this, the Unipal experience has awakened volunteers to world needs in general and they have gone on to work

with such charities as Oxfam. Marie Stopes International.

Last but by no means least, former volunteers have helped Unipal to continue its own work: by fund-raising (Flag Days, sponsored walks, concerts, etc), interviewing prospective volunteers, helping with Unipals's Palestinian visitors and in the office, and by recruiting fresh volunteers in their universities.

The origins of Unipal

Unipal came into being in 1972 after its founder, a Cambridge teacher, had visited the Middle East and been appalled not only by the suffering of the Palestinian projects.

refugees but by the fact that it had continued, increasingly, since 1948 — and been largely misrepresented and therefore ignored in the West. She felt that worthwhile help could be given by people in Britain, above all in

Her first support came from Cambridge but afterwards other universities and concerned people joined in. Unipal is now funded by donations from individuals and as well as by various colleges, trusts and the O.D.A. (Overseas Development Administration), who sponsor specific

#### Focus on People

## Voices from within

By Mariam M. Shahin

IN times of war and in the face of hunger, imprisonment, torture, the fear of expulsion and the ever-looming possibility of premature death, one may not expect that the affected people would pay much attention or devote much time to the likes of poetry, tales, music or painting.

It may indeed seem strange to many that poets and musicians, in particular, are flourishing in the occupied Arab territories. That young men in prison camps are writing poems of love. Love of their country and its thyme and olive trees: symbols of the identity that Palestinians cherished and hung to the last 40 years. Is it a reafirmation that they too are territorial, like all other peoples and would fight and die for their

freedom rather than be forgotten?

One of the hundreds of young Palestinians who is writing poetry is Hanan Awwad. She is one of 800,000 people who has endured the Israeli occupation of the West Bank and Gaza since 1967. Although Awwad, born in Jerusalem in 1951, in no way resembles the stone-throwing youth so often portrayed in the media, she still fights the occupation but on a different front. In a recent visit to Amman she agreed to speak to Focus on People about her role in the cultural life of 1990 Palestine and the role

of the written word, the musical note, the brushstroke in the intifada.

The role that the arts play in support of the national consciousness, boosting the moral of the masses in the West Bank and Gaza today, has its roots in the experiences of the last half a century of struggle between the Palestinians and the Zionist state, Awwad explains.

While the end of the British mandate and the establishment of the last half a century of struggle between the Palestinians. Jewish state in 1948 uprooted bundreds of thousands of people from their homes, the 1967 occupation is considered by many Palestinians and Arabs alike as the "greatest catastrophe."

"Out of the great catastrophe grew a new generation of Arabs, a generation that lived in constant mourning," Awwad asserts.

"The cultural life of the Arabs of Palestine after the 1967 Arab-Israeli war took on a new and very political dimension. There was a disappointment, constant lamentation in all that was written. While the

new refugees in Jordan and Syria, as well as the Arabs at large felt shame and burniliation, we had to live with Israel," Awwad says.

"The tone of the music and the rhythm of the poetry began to change as the occupation lasted and lasted and lasted. Yes, we looked outside for Godot when really little Godots were growing up amongst us," Awwad

says.
"The child in the camp could recite Kanafani, Darwish, Kassem and Habibi," Awwad says, referring to famous Palestinian poets and writers.

Although the mothers were often illiterate, she says, they too knew how to recite the poetry of "liberation." The poets were everywhere, not just in the West Bank and Gaza, but in Haifa, Nazareth, Beirut, Amman and

While thousands of Palestinians who grew up outside the occupied territories were denied proper cultural education, children under occupation learned to sing and recite poetry on the streets of their villages, towns, camps and cities.

"As the years passed the songs grew more fervent and the poetry stronger. Every generation grew more adamant of the occupation. Musicians and writers were often banned or imprisonned; their work confiscated. (The Israelis) even killed Kanafani for his writing," Awwad

says referring to the assassination of Ghassan Kanafani hy Israeli agents in 1974 in Beirut.

Awwad, too, did not escape the harrassment of the Israeli authorities for alleged links with the Palestine Liberation Organisation. In 1979 she was arrested, and although she was not physically tortured, "the mental torture was enough, thank you," she says of ber three-month imprison-

The resistance began before Dec. 1987. In our songs and writings. "The resistance began before Dec. 1957. In our songs and writings, even in our plays and paintings it has been going on for 20 years. Now it has come to a peak and the volcano has exploded," Awwad says. During the last 20 years and on countless occasions the flags were raised, the children shot, bundreds were either deported, tortured, imprisoned, persecuted or killed and Godot did not come", Awwad says

remembering her musician brother, Riad Awwad, who was imprisoned and tortured in Israeli jails until recently.

A few weeks before the intifada began, in December 1987, Hanan Awwad wrote of the erruption which was the natural outcome of the brooding volcano in a poem entitled "It's for the knight to triumph".

On the summit of the red volcano

In the land planted with thyme Oh, my greatest joy. Oh, my greatest joy, Oh, home of sorrows, do errupt!

Shall we worship other gods In the shade of your ashes And hang on the gallows On your stalks?

Oh, home of sorrows, do errupt.

That we belong to a pregnant earth? Do we forget That we are of a bigger root? Oh, home of sorrows, do errupt! Oh, home of sorrows, do errupt!

Do the people know my poems or those of others? Yes they do! Poems

are recited even by those in prison. They are not passed on paper but by word of mouth," Awwad asserts.

Despite the desolute conditions of many people in the territories today, Award says that at any cultural activity there is oever enough room for the audience. "Folktroupes, playwrites, painters, poets, musicians everyone works and people go. There hasn't been a book fair in the territories which has closed without 80 per cent of its books sold," Awwad

says.

In one of her most receot works, written during the intifada, Awwad

I passed unto you I passed places of estrangement I passed the lava of the volcano

From the poles of our teot ... From our sand

## Children are main victims of malnutrition in Romania

By Irina Bossy-Ghica

VARBILA, Romania - Standing in a mud-covered village have not slept all night, excited street, Nicoleta, a chestnut-haired, green-eyed little girl is coming," said headmaster Ion striving to bite into an orange as though it were an apple, giving it a curious look from time to time.

"She is eight years old although she does not look more than four, malnutrition. but the lack of basic food has the normal size," her mother

"She has never seen oranges, so she does not known how to eat them," she added, bursting into

Nicoleta was among a group of more than 930 children from villages around Bucharest who got the oranges as part of an aid package from the French humanitarian organisation Medecins

sans Frontieres (MSF).
MSF collected 7,000 parcels of food, clothes, medicines and school books from Parisians and transported them to Romania with the help of the French post office, who loaned them 16 mail lorries.

In Varbila, 60 kilometres northeast of the capital, children in shabby clothes were fighting to get a precious parcel containing chocolate, powdered milk, sardines, canned meat, instant soup, 10-hour working day. and noodles.

"They have been here since this morning, waiting, and they

Nicoleta's mother said her three children were abnormally small for their age becase of She said peasants, unlike town-

to have meat rations under dictator Nicolae Ceausescu, who was overthrown and executed last De-

"In the last five years, I have never buight a kilo of meat," Nicoleta's mother said, clutching a woolly jumper her daughter had

got in her parcel.
"There is no milk in the village because nobody could afford to feed a cow after the state took all

the land from people in Ceauses-cu's days," one peasant said.

"In a nearby village there is a cow, but what can you do with one ill-fed cow for 300 inhabitants? asked Matci, shrugging his shoulders.

Matei said that for those who were fortunate enough to get hold of a bottle of milk, the black market price was 15 lei (25 cents at the unofficial rate), the equivalent of a peasant's wages for a

Eggs are another delicacy as

there in no grain to feed hens. Those peasants who raised a few chickens had to give the state 200 eggs each year. This was sometimes impossible for in Romania's harsh winter hens rarely lay eggs.

"If we did not fulfill the quota, the state agricultural cooperative would refuse to give us the gas bottle we were entitled to, so we could not even cook a meagre woman complained.
In Varbila, life appears to have stopped 200 years ago. Streets are

uncobbled and there is no sewage system. People have to take water from wells and there is no

doctor or pharmacy,
"The regional administration is
totally illogical," Matei said "Sick
children from Varbila are not allowed to go to the hospital in the nearby town of Urlati, two kilometres from here.

"They belong to the doctor's surgery in Iordacheanu, a village 12 kilometres away, and to get there they have to cross a hill and a small river. In spring, when the river swells, parents are in water up to their waists with feverish children in their arms," he added.

In Iordacheann, two young doctors and an elderly nurse staff a two-roomed surgery which lacks basic standards.



# 

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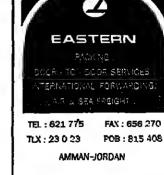
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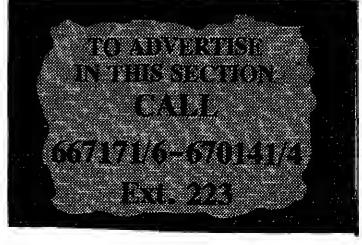




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## Iran fails to prop up riyal

DUBAI (Agencies) - tran's central bank has given up an attempt to bolster the free market exchange rate of the rival, whose weakness is causing serinus harm to the economy, Iranian bankers

In Dubai, the main centre for the uncontrolled riyal market, the riyal has slumped to peacetime iows of 1,400 to the dollar, trad-

Stabilisation of the rival has been a central policy of the government of President Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani, which has said exchange rate problems are at the root of the country's econo-

The bankers said the central bank had stopped setting a spe-cial rate against the dollar for selected Iranian firms and goverament institutions which do business ontside Iran.

The special rate was introduced in October to try tn hring down and then stabilise the free market riyal, which has for years finctu-ated on the uncontrolled market at 15 to 20 times the fixed official

That rate, which was the official rate for all foreign transactions before the special rate was introduced, is about 70 to the

Iran's currency reserves of an estimated \$5 billion to \$7 billion (excluding gold) were too small to support the cost of the special rate scheme for long, Iranian economists have said.

The central bank found itself in the same difficulties as Western central banks which try to buck market trends by intervention.

"Whatever they did, it just gave a temporary shock to the market," said one Iranian eco-

In January the free market rate was 1,000 to the dollar. Two weeks ago the central bank dropped its special rate to around 1,200 to the dollar without the normal public announcement, traders said.

That move signalled the central bank was effectively giving up its bid to support the riyal, sparking a further fall in the free market

Bankers said it was unclear whether Tehran would try any new policies to strengthen the riyal, whose weakness has hurt ordinary Iranians by raising prices of imported consumer goods.

Iran's factories, neglected during the 1980-88 war with Iraq and still plagued by corruption, cannot meet domestic needs.

Western bankers in the Gulf believe Iran abould acknowledge economic reality by devaluing the official rival rate.

"They need to face the pain of a massive devaluation. But then they would have to sustain the pain by controlling the ensuing inflation, or they would rapidly slip the way of a country like Argentina." said one seninr hanker.

Meanwhile, a senior Iranian official announced Sunday that President Hashemi Rafsanjani's five-year development plan includes the creation nf about two million new jnbs starting from 1990, the official Islamic Repub-

lic News Agency (IRNA) reported.

The agency, monitored in Nicosia, said Labour Minister Hussein Kamali was speaking to managers of state-run industries during a nationwide seminar supervised by Iran's National Industries Organisation.

IRNA said Kamali emphasised m his speech on the need to improve the technical and vocational skills of Iran's workers.

He also disclosed that the fiveyear plan has allocated a fund of \$100 million to the ministries of abour, education, culture and higher education.

Rafsanjani Saturday promised reform and called for boosting industrial production to overcome the soaring economic crisis, caused by eight years of war with

The president's office also set complaints from the Iranian people, who reportedly went nut tn the streets last week, protesting continued inflation, unemployment and shortages of basic com-

obstacles, he said. Mohiedien Al Hareeb, chief executive of Egypt's Investment Authority, said the dominant role of public sector spending in many Arab countries limited project opportunities and the power of investment agencies to approve projects independently.

KUWAIT (R) - Arab invest-

ment experts met in Kuwait Sun-

day to discuss ways of boosting

mter-Arab commercial invest-

ment, which they say plunged by

ments that face Arab private in-

vestment flows are manifold,"

said Mamoun Ibrahim Hassan.

head of the Knwait-based Inter-

Arab Investment Guarantee

"While we (agree) they exist we differ on determining their

relative importance," he told the

IAIGC-sponsored conference.

"It is also difficult to deal with

those issues in the absence of

Hassan said that during the

1980s commercial investment

within the Arab World plunged

to around \$3 billion from 6.2

A sharp fall in surplus capital

due to lower oil prices was a

major factor but political instabil-

ity and a generally unfavourable

investment climate were also

billion in the previous decade.

basic documented facts."

Corp (IAIGC).

The problems and impedi-

50 per cent during the 1980s.

inter-Arab investments Investment laws should not differentiate between foreigners and nationals or limit the stake of foreign firms in local projects, he

**Experts discuss obstacles to** 

Governments should reassure private investors that there would be no interference in their projects and investment agencies should process work permits for foreigners more quickly, he said.

"Investors are reluctant to go to agencies which have routine beaurancratic problems like these," he said.

IAIGC operations director Abdul Rahman Taha told Reuters the total value of contracts signed by the firm during 1989 fell to \$99 million from \$239 million

He said this was mainly due to the fact that the IAIGC - owned by 22 Arab governments — had reached its exposure ceiling for Iraq, which had provided most of the demand for guarantee cover.

"The problem in the Arab World is that countries which have money don't have investment apportunities while the countries which dn, don't have any money," he said. The IAIGC was set up in 1974

to encourage investment flows between Arab states by providing guarantees for non-commercia risks such as nationalisation, nonrepatriation of capital and war.

#### HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY MARCH 5, 1990 By Thornas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The early AM finds you with a good chance to get an excellent new approach at life and extend your success far beyond present avenues of expression. Avoid an imposition

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Put yourself in the position to go on unts with interesting friends. Do the favours that your loved one especially desires of you.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Try to get along better with an interesting friend who confuses you. Show special affection to available members of your family

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Work out a better course of action to have your home run smoothly. Concentrating on romance now will hring much happiness to your

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Put extra charm in any entertaining at your own resi-dence; many friends and acquaintances. Your home will be where your heart is now, spend some time

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Dutch treat is the best way to have harfriends. Back your attachment in the putting across of that person's

VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Entertaining good friends in private will now bring the greatest amount of happiness to them and

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Organising future engagements with friends will produce good

results. Travel as much as possible today with your attachment. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) Show friends you value their association by doing what they wish. Get some attractive gift

for your loved one that will be

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Outside activities of a social nature should be pleasant and encouraged. Show that you are an understanding person about problems at home.

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Don't get involved in a bitter argument between two close friends. Bring into the open now that special favour you can do for

AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Make your home available to newcomers who can kelp you in important ways. A good day to straighten out any emotional problens with your mate.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) New friends will now bring you more pleasure than long time ones. Give your attachment some well deserved praise that will be en-

Today's child: If your child were born today he nr she will have an urge in dash off a new appeals, which result in positive action only at times indicated in personal boroscope as periods to seek pioneering vocations and outlets.

## **Gulf Arab** states stay split over oil output

DUBAI (R) — Major Gulf oil producers Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and Iraq are still haggling over short-term interests despite a show nf unity, oil analysis in the Gulf said Sunday.

Oil ministers of the three states met in Kuwait Saturday and a statement afterwards said the talks resulted in complete agreement nn the need to support OPEC resulutions.

But shortly after the meeting, Saudi Oil Minister Hisham Nazer paid a surprise visit to Baghdad as a personal envoy of King Fahd tn Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. Analysts believed this was part

nf attempts to resolve differences which threatened to persist during the 13-member group's market munitoring committee meeting in Vienna on March 16. Gulf oil officials and analysts

said Saturday that Saudi Arabia. main producer in the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), had sided with Iraq against Kuwait in seeking higher oil prices.

"Iraq is facing difficulty in selling crude, so it wants to compensate with higher prices," one analyst said.

Saudi Arabia and Iraq also anted Kuwait to abide by its qunta nf 1.5 million barrels a day,

the analysts said. "The Saudi position is that they stick to their OPEC quota and expect nthers to do likewise," a Gulf oil official who is close to Saudi government thinking told

Reuters Saturday. Kuwait does not want oil prices to exceed OPEC's reference price of \$18 per barrel so its European retail nutlets can sell mure, the sources said.

But the analysts told Renters Saudi Arabia, struggling to nffset a budget deficit of \$6.7 billion for 1990, and Iraq would like the price to be around \$20.

The three share the same views nn lnng-term oil policy because they have around 40 per cent of the world's known reserves and plan to boost output to match predicted growth in world demand in the next 10 years.

But in the short term, prices are expected to decline gradually due to seasonally lower second quarter demand and continued quota busting by some OPEC

A Reuters survey completed Friday showed that Kuwait pumped some 400,000 barrels a day more than its share in Jannary and February.

Oil industry sources said Kuwait's extra barrels were competing with heavy crude sales

"The first rush of enthusiasm is over and businessmen are finding from Iran and Iraq. Iraq, which ueeds fnreign curout it is a hard sing," said John rency to finance reconstruction Allen, director of the Angloafter the eight-year war with Iran. Soviet Chamber of Commerce. We are difinitely moving into a sold around 100,000 barrels per day (b/c) less in February than its cooling nff period." OPEC limit nf 3.14 million bar-In the first two months of this

rels a day. The survey also showed Iran was nearly 400,000 barrels a day below quota.

Egypt's Oil Minister Abdul Hadi Kandeel said last week that a growing conflict of interest amnng OPEC members might wreck the oil cartel.

"The conflict of interest between OPEC members involved in the downstream husiness and those who are not could sabotage OPEC," he told Reuters in an interview.

Egypt is a significant oil producer but not a member of

"They are heavily involved in the downstream business to the service station level so the Inwer the crude prices the more profits they make," Kandeel added.

## Bush, Kaifu promise to resolve trade disputes

RANCHO MIRAGE, California (R) — U.S. President George Bush and Japanese Prime Minister Toshiki Kaifu, calling each other by their first names, promised Saturday to step up their efforts to resolve trade disputes

Bush said he and Kaifu, who flew 10 hours across the Pacifie for a visit of just 24 hours, "are calling on nur officials to redouhle their efforts tn achieve meaningful... results."

problems." Bush said in a state-

Kaifu, standing side hy side with Bush, conceded that "the work harder."

Japan's economic structure more receptive to American exports are "one of the top priorities of my new cabinet.'

had not produced specific commitments or deadlines for action. "We weren't here to throw down definitive deadlines. That's nnt the way to deal with Japanese in my view," he said at an outdoor news conference after the formal statements.

Bush, under rising political pressure to retaliate because of

food to Moscow, the average

queuing time for hamburgers is

still about two hours as Soviet

citizens line up around Pushkin

Square for a taste of America.

The initial runaway success of a

project so alien to the Soviet way

nf life suggests, on the surface at

least, that Western businessmen

contemplating jnint ventures

need nnly sign the documents and

But the truth is very different.

A vast majority of ventures

forged in the past 12 months by

euphoria over President Mikhail

Gorbachev's perestroika are not

An economic crisis and policy

differences within the Politburo

over the pace of economic reform

have added to confusion gener-

ated by a mass of legislation now

regulating ventures between

Soviet and Western companies.

year the number of officially reg-

istered joint ventures has actually

risen to about 1,450 from 1,274 at

the end of 1989, itself a six-fold

rise during that year. West German, Finnish, U.S., British and

Austrian firms top a list of 54

But Richard Dean, attorney in

Moscow with the international

law firm Coudert Brothers, esti-

mates that less than 200 ventures

are actually in operation and says

the legal framework is becoming

And, although the number of ventures is still rising, he esti-

mates the average amount of

foreign investment bas declined

to less than \$1 million. Actual

cash investment per venture is now less than \$115,000, the

clearest indicator of a sobre new

more complicated by the day.

nations in that order.

even np and running.

wait for the mnney to roll in.

trade with Japan said American

ism and declared: "Make no mistake about it, 1 want to see that (trade) deficit come down, not by restricting our markets or managing trade, but by further increasing our ex-

But Bush and Kaifu both stressed the need to reduce the massive U.S. budget deficit and, in a bow tn Japanese concerns about recent declines in the value of the yen against the dollar, both men said Washington was firmly committed tn coordination of exchange rate policies.

"But let's face it. These talks are a two-way street. We Americans must increase nur savings, reduce nur budget deficit... focus on producing goods of the highest quality," Bush said and added: That is a task for America, not for Japan.

thank Kaifu for travelling so far with just a week's notice and referred to the Japanese leader as 'my good friend, Toshiki," Kaifu referred to Bush as "George" at three different points in his re-

throughout the two day talks. the \$49 billion deficit in U.S. Bush noted that the two coun-

MOSCOW (R) — Four weeks mood among Western after McDonaid's brought fast businessmen.

tries face deadlines under U.S. law to avoid American sanctions. U.S. Trade Representative Carla Hills has until April 30 to identify countries guilty of unfair

Last year, Hills cited Japan for its closed markets in lumber products, satellites and supercomputers. By mid-June it must show its markets have been opened to

Bush said he hoped to avoid sauctions, but added: "Both sides understand U.S. law on this." The twn leaders sought to focus

relegated the trade discord until the end of their public remarks. They vowed joint efforts to aid the new democracies in Eastern Europe and Latin America with

are working together to promote political and economic transformations that will strengthen

They also agreed that despite tentative U.S. plans to cut its troop levels in Asia, a continued American military presence in Asia was essential to regional

"I value the continued role of the United States... as a Pacific power, which is irreplaceable,"

for crippling economy ATHENS (AP) - Premier

Greek premier accuses

three political parties

Xenophon Zolotas has accused the country's political parties of crippling the economy and then stalling attempts to revive it.

Zolotas was appointed by the country's three major political parties in November to lead a coalition after two inconclusive elections in 1989. He had a mandate to deal with pressing economic problems and was expected to take drastic measures.

But the conservative, socialist and communist parties dissolved the coalition on Feb. 12. Party leaders claimed that the government was hamstrung in taking difficult decisions. Zolotas now heads a caretaker government

until elections on April 8. "The climate we tried to establish from the very start in order to support economic recovery was poisoned, unfortunately, by the frequent attacks against the government which was described as powerless and iocapable nf accomplishing its mission," Zolotas said at a foreign press associa-

"This kind of criticism was anything but constructive to the government's efforts," be added. The coalition's priority was to halt the growth of a public sector deficit estimated at 1.9 trillion drachmas (\$12 billion) in 1989 by

reducing spending and increasing revenues. Despite spending cuts of about 1 trillion drachmas (\$6 billion) revenues were not increased,

"With the exception of a small rise in certain taxes and in the rates of some public utilities in early December, almost no nther effective action has been taken to

AMMAN (J.T.) — A second

three-week course on manage-

ment of airline commercial ser-

vices and computer applications started March 3.in Amman. The

first course, which met with re-

sounding success, was held in Am-

The course, organised by the

Montreal based International

Aviation Management Training

Institute (IAMTI), is presented

in association with Royal Jorda-

The objective of the course is

to provide airline managers with

the skills and knowledge in the

use nf the personal desk-top com-

puter as a cost effective manage-

ment tool and its specific applica-

The course is designed for

managers in the airline industry,

whn are not computer specialists,

and who have a requirement for

increased knowledge in the use of

computer technology in the areas

of strategic marketing and com-

mercial services. It covers such

areas as advanced management

concepts and applications, spe-

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route planning, payload control,

yield management, product de-

sign, passenger and cargo services

Special attention is given to the

area of decision-making with re-

spect to alliances with global CR\$

systems and future trends in air-

line computer applications.

and fleet planning.

tions in the airline industry.

man in March 1989.

nian airlines.

Canada, RJ conduct

management course

increase revenues because the three parties... were unwilling to take it," he said.

He accused party leaders of stalling on further proposals to reduce the deficit and create a more favourable climate for investments.

"All these bills would have been passed if all the political members of the cabinet had not been suddenly withdrawn," Zolotas said. The 85-year-old former central

bank governor blamed "unforgivable inertia" in 1989 for existing deficits becoming even larger. In that year the conservative New Democracy Party beat the Panhellenic Socialist Movement in June elections but failed to win

an absolute majority in the 300member unicameral parliament. A sbort-lived conservativecommunist coalition concentrated chiefly on indicting former premier Andreas Papandreon and senior socialists of involvement in financial scandals. No

resulted in a hung parliament and the formation of Zolntas' goverument, in which the socialists were

trial dates have been set.

Zolotas accused the eight-year Papandrenu administration of creating the "rapacious public deficit" with its policies.

"For years there has been an overexpression of the public sector with a social policy the econnmy cnnld ill afford. The attempt to emphasise the so-called welfare state did not succeed to any significant extent since it was not accompanied by a parallel attempt to hring about substantial productive investments." Zolotas said.

The course was organised spe-

cifically for the Middle East re-

gion. Jurdan was chosen because

of its central location in the area,

its excellent conference facilities,

its first class hotels, the existing

aviation infrastructure and the

great interest shown by Royal

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in general and aviation training

and aircraft maintenance in par-

27 participants from 14 different

countries, including Bangladesh.

Botswana, China, Czechoslova-

kia, Dnbai, India, Jordan,

Kuwait, Mozambique, Poland,

Sierra Leone, Sudan, Tanzania

and the Democratic Republic of

The International Aviation

Management Training Institute

was founded in 1987 by the Gov-

ernment of Canada in association

with the Canadian aviation indus-

try and the international aviation

has graduated over 600 manage-

ment level participants represent-

ing 115 countries. Management

courses are offered at the insti-

tute's headquarters in Montreal

for airlines, airport authorities

and civil aviation administrations

in English, French and Spanish.

Other courses have also been

organised overseas in Indonesia,

Malaysia, India, Pakistan, Tanza-

nia, Egypt, Morocco and Tri-

Since its creation, the institute

The course will be attended by

ticular.

Yemen.

organisations.

#### THE Daily Crossword by 1. Miller Nathanael or Rebecca Clinks 10 Can, law gp. Roman road "Lou Grant" 15 "Lou Grant" 18 Lima's state 17 Forthright 20 Quibble 21 Hire out 23 Biacker 25 Galilee miracle town 1900

34 Dwarf buffalo

36 "- Skylark" 37 insignificance 40 Vestment 43 — contendere
45 Not active
47 Inlet
48 Grand story
50 Cap brime
52 Talet 7 Taxing words 8 Departed 9 Sign of a hit

boards

respons

32 Nautical

Bunk 55 DeLuise flick 58 Assimilation 11 Traits 19 Celi material

63 Light color 64 Minus 65 — Perilous (Round Table diplomatic language 25 Wardrobes departures

4 Amtrak

26 Spinal cord: pref. 28 Comp. pt. 30 Puccini To - (all) 33 Pound sound 35 Ophidian

Yesterday's Puzzia Selved:

44 La Scala offerings 46 Equitation 49 "— were king..." 51 — kind (alike)

56 Arrange 57 Burden 59 Certain 60 Actress Caldwell

## THE BETTER HALF. By Harris HARRIS PEST (CONTROL EXTERMINATOR

"Your wife called me to get the bugs out of your personality.

## JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arrold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. BUNGE **CAPHO JOACLE** WHAT A FORK IN THE ROAD MIGHT HAVE RESULTED IN WAY BACK IN THOSE DAYS. EISORE Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. (Answers tomorrow) Saturday's Jumbles: CHIDE LILAC DEPUTY QUIVER

Answer: Spend money like water and your debts will never be this...-LIQUIDATED\*

between Washington and Tokyo.

Tngether we must master our

(trade) imhalances are still very large, and we should continue to He said reforms to make

But Bush conceded the talks

"I don't know that we need new ideas, we just need new energy on both sides," he added at another point.

exports to Japan were climbing faster than sales to any other country and that the U.S. trade deficit with Japan was declining. He vowed to resist protection-

Bush went out of his way to

marks. White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said they addressed each other by first names

"With every turn of the ratch-

"From the point of view of a

et, it is getting more complex and confused," Dean told Reuters.

law firm, no one in the Soviet

Union seems to be coordinating

or taking responsibility. There is

some strategy and some making it

up as they go along. They are

having a hard time identifying

in January, 1987, tn promote

foreign investment as part of

Gorbachev's campaign to open the economy to the West to help

With the exception of East

Germany, all other major com-

munist nations, including China,

had already made moves to

attract foreign capital several

Dean reckons there are now 22

individual Soviet decrees or min-

isterial directives governing joint

ventures and expects a promised

reform and simplification of the

legal framework will not materialise until 1991.

biggest single hurdle is profit re-

patriation or, in plain language,

how to avoid getting a pile of

roubles that cannot be converted

Only a few giants such as McDonald's can afford to take a

long-term view of the Soviet mar-

ket of 280 million citizens, rein-

vesting its rouble profits in the

country in the hope that econo-

into hard Western currency.

Western businessmen say the

Soviet policy-makers decided

priorities," he noted.

revitalise it.

years earlier.

trade practices and subject to punitive sanctions.

avoid sanctions.

on positive elements in relations between their countries — both

Bush praising Japan's pledge of \$2 billion for Hungary and Po-"The United States and Japan

democracies and market economies," Bush said.

# Western businessmen find

the going tough in Moscow convertible currency.
"If you are looking for quick Zolotas said. profits, then a joint venture in the Soviet Union is not for you," said

Peter Firmhals, group repre-sentative of Barclays Bank PLC here. "But if you are prepared to invest with a 15-year horizon and are lonking for a market share, then there is enormous poten-tial." Radical Soviet economists such

as Oleg Bogomolov, director nf

the Institute of the Economy of

the World Socialist System, are

calling for a parallel, convertible rouble to be introduced specifically to foster joint ventures and free economic zones. But Prime Minister Nikulai Ryzhkov has made it clear that

currency reform is not likely to be tackled quickly. The rouhle problem is now clearly the main factor dictating the shape of joint ventures, with a rash nf recent deals seeking to cash in on the needs of a captive clientele nf foreign visitors de-

sperate for hire cars and business But Soviet officials are showing growing impatience at ventures which do nothing to relieve the buge shortages of basic foodstuffs and consumer items throughout

the country. Because of the need to generate foreign exchange, many ventures are now seeking to combine the Soviet Union's vast natural resource wealth in oil, gas and timber with Western technology to turn out finished products for export. mic reform will one day lead to a

Sunday, March 4, 1990 Central Bank official rates Self

#### **AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES**

French franc 115.8 116.5 Inc. 115.8 115.8 116.5 Japanese yen (for 100) 446.3 449.0 Outch guider 346.6 348.7 Swedish crown 109.3 110.0 Italian lira (for 100) 53.0 53.3 Belgian franc (for 10) 188.1 189.2 671.0 675.0 1108.2 1114.8

# مملدًا صنه الأصل

## Navratilova advances to Indian Wells final

INDIAN WELLS, California (AP) — Top-seeded Martina Navratilova rode her strong serve to a 7-6, 6-1 victory over Katerina Maleeva of Bulgaria Saturday and advanced to Sunday's final in the Virginia Slims of Indian Wells

Section 2

over 1

Navratilova, aiming for her third 1990 title, will meet thirdseeded Helena Sukova of Czechoslovakia, who defeated Amy Frazier 7-5, 6-4 in the other

Navratilova, who basn't lost a set this year, fell behind 6-5 in the first set before serving up three consecutive aces to force a tiebreaker. In the tiebreaker, she had another ace to put her up 4-2, then won the next four points to

In the second set, Maleeva could not hold her serve and fell behind 5-0 before winning the sixth game. Navratilova closed out the match with another ace.

"In that first set I played two lousy games, but I was still able to break back," Navratilova said In the tiebreaker, I turned it up a notch. I knew I had the edge there. My tiebreaker record (135-65) is pretty good.

"It's the first time I've been down 5-4 all year."

Maleeva said Navratilova's first-set aces took away her

"It was demoralising to see three aces in a row," she said. "I think she was thinking she would have an easier time with me, but I just played my game.

'She's not dangerous on the baseline, but you still have to play the big shots against her. When's she's in trouble she knows how to get out of trouble."

In Sukova, Navratilova faces an all-too-familiar opponent. Sukova stopped Navratilova's 74match winning streak in the semifinals of the 1984 Australian Open and spoiled her chances of Grnad Slam that year.

'Of all the ones in my career, I'd like to have that one back,' said Navratilova, who holds a 22-4 edge against Sukova. "I blew

"I have not played well against her. She has a happy-go-lucky attitude when she plays me." The tournament winner earns \$70,000, with the runner-up col-lecting \$28,000.

Sukova didn't have an easy time against 18-year-old Frazier. a newcomer who turned pro in January and gained her first tournament title at the recent Virginia Slims of Oklahoma.

#### **GOREN BRIDGE**

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Both vulnerable. South deals, NORTH 4 A Q 5 4 3 2 EAST ± J8 ♥ KJ 10 74 ♥ Q9 Therefore, South's singleton spade represented a key control. Reasoning was translated into action with a ♣ K Q 10 SOUTH O A K 9 8 4 3 2

ing lead: Two of The value of a hand water and wanes as the bidding progresses. South's 11 high-card points grew to gigantic proportions and the final

North East

action was well judged.
Once North jump-raised diamonds, South could afford to cue-bid the ace of hearts en route to five

diamonds. There was nothing to add after North's first club cue-bid, but when North repeated his action South took stock. To be interested in a grand slam without either of the two top trumps, North had to have the ace of spades as well as first and second-round control of clubs.

jump to seven diamonds.

The accuracy of South's deductions was borne out in the play. Although West's club lead removed a key dummy entry, declarer was still able to manage his assets to yield the maximum return. After winning the ace of clubs, declared cashed the ace of spades and ruffed a spade high. Two of dummy's trumps served as entries for two more spade ruffs, the first also high to prevent an overruff, which set up two long cards in the suit. Declarer was then able to ruff a club on the table and cash the good spades for two heart discards. In all, declarer scored three spade tricks, one heart,

seven trumps in hand including

three ruffs, one club and one club ruff in dummy for a total of 13

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## Kasparov wins Linares tourney

LINARES, Spain (R) — World winner of the tournament be-champion Garry Kasparov won cause he had scored more wins. the finals of the Linares chess tournament Saturday thanks to a series of blunders by Spanish grandmaster Mignel Illescas.

The Soviet champion and Illeswhich would have made the Soviet Union's Boris Gelfand 2,800 points.

But Illescas, who later said be was exhausted, committed errors that gave Kasparov victory.

Kasparov's win, after 61 moves of a tarash defence in six hours cas had been heading for a draw and 61 moves, does not however increase his world ranking of

## Gilbert races to victory

ROTTERDAM (R) — Top through the first set.

seeded American Brad Gilbert The second set looked like wasted little time in beating Jonas Svensson of Sweden 6-1, 6-3 in the final of the 900,000-guilder (\$473.000) Rotterdam Indoor tennis Grand Prix Sunday.

Seventh seed Svensson struggled to settle into the match and had to claw back five break points to save his first service game. Gilbert had cranked up his

ame after Saturday's undemanding semifinal against unseeded Michael Tauson of Denmark. A sharper first serve and aggressive San Francis rallying smootbed his way last month.

going the same way until Svensson, at 3-0 down, stopped making unforced errors and broke Gilbert's service. Finding the appetite for a fight, the Swede held his

level the score. But the uprising was brief. Gilbert replied by taking the next three games for victory.

serve and broke Gilbert again to

The triumph should give Gilbert comfort after his early round defeats to unseeded players in San Francisco and Philadelphia

## Sanchez gives Real last-gasp win

SEVILLE Spain (R) — Two goals in the last five minutes gave Real Madrid a 2-1 away win over Sevilla Saturday and stretched their runaway lead in the Spanish soccer first division to 10 points.

Mexican striker Hugo Sanchez clinched Real's victory with his 29th goal of the season two minutes from the final whistle after Emilio Butragueno had given the Madrid side a lifeline.

Five minutes from the end Paco Llorente scooped the ball back from the byline for Butragueno to put Real on terms after had looked as if a 36th-minute strike by Uruguayan midfielder Pablo Bengoechea might be enough for a Sevilla win.

Three minutes later a foul against Rafael Martin Vazquez gave Real a free-kick 30 metres from goal. Sanchez looped! his kick over the Sevilla defensive wall and it bounced in off a

Real, heading for their fifth

consecutive league title, have scored 81 goals this season and, with 10 games to come, look like beating the record of 96 estab-

lished by arch-rivals Barcelona. Real started strongly. Manolo Sanchis dribbled through the Sevilla defence and beat Soviet World Cup keeper Rinat Dassayev, only for his shot to bounce harmlessly off a post.

But Sevilla, though and deter-mined, took the lead when Bengoecher pierced the Real defence 10 minutes from balftime. Sevilla thwarted the second

half attacks of a Real side, which was without suspended West German midfielder Bernd Schuster, and looked like ending the Madrid clnb's run of 17 matches without defeat.

But Bntragueno and Sanchez turned the tables and a save by goalkeeper Paco Buyo 30 seconds from the end, which denied Austrian striker Anton Polster, clinched it for Real.

## PASSPORT LOST

On Feb. 20, 1990, Mr. Said Ahmad, a Bangladeshi national, lost his passport No. E 834513, issued in Celet, Bangladesh, at Al Muqablain area.

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## Iraq withdraws from Gulf tournament

KUWAIT (AP) — Iraq agreed with the Sandi Arabia to withdraw its team from the Gulf Cup soccer championship that started 10 days ago and inaugurate a new tournament of their own, according to Gulf press reports Sunday.

In Baghdad, press reports quoted an unidentified spokesman of the Iraqi Soccer Federation as saying Saudi Arabia warned Iraq not to take part in the championship because "it is contaminated with unclear weather.'

Saudi Arabia withdrew its own team right before the tournament started because it considered the

The announcement of the Iraqi

emblem insulting.

The Iraqi spokesman said Oudai Hussein, son of President Saddam Hussein, and Prince Faisal, son of King Fahd, agreed to organise a new championship "to be the true and clean face of Arah sports away from groupings

Both men are heads of their countries' respective soccer asso-

withdrawal came a day after its national team held World Cup finalists United Arab emirates to a draw 2-2. The tie in a tense game was considered a major

The Iraqi spokesman said the match between Iraq and the Emirates was marred by fighting. The referee expelled the captain of the Iraqi team, Adnan Darjal, and the Emirates scored on a penalty kick which the Iraqis beheved was unjustified.

Iraq is current champion and the favourite along with Kuwait to win the tournament scheduled to end March 9. Both had four points each as of Saturday night. The tournament also includes teams from Qatar, Bahrain and

The Iraqi spokesman said Iraq

"in view of the fact that sports have been used to divide the Arab Nation instead of uniting

'Our participation aimed at enhancing the brotherly spirit among Arabs... and not making sports a means to divide the Arab Nation," the press quoted the

spokesman as saying. Saudi withdrew its team from the tournament five days before it started because of the two norses used in the emblem. They were famous for their key role in getting reinforcements to repel a Saudi invasion of Kuwait in the

adopted, I would teel dis-

appointed, as soccer would be-

fore more an Americanised sport

and would lose the traditional

features of soccer originated in England." said Toshikhiko

Shiozawa, manager of the Ana

Associated Press survery in a

dozen soccer-crazy countries

around the world said the sport's

rules cannot be changed over-

like this will be ready for '94.

D'Hooghe said.

I am not at all sure something

Havelange, in his Brazilian in-

terview, noted that the four-quar-

ter idea had been around from

other sources for about 15 years

without gathering much interest.

He also recognised the lenghty

process involved in any rule

change and said it might be stu-

died in a few low-level leagues, as

has been done in experiments

with changes in the offsides rule.

powerful allies for his proposal

of soccer is good," said Angel

Maria Villar, president of the Spanish Soccer Federation, "Soc-

cer should adapt itself to today's

Fournet-Fayard, also said that

His French counterpart. Jean

commercial and social reality.

Soccer's boss found some

'Anything that works in favour

Most officials interviewed in an

football club in Tokyo.

## TV time soccer plan brings shock reaction

By Larry Siddons

The Associated Press

LONDON - A plan to extend soccer matches and break them into quarters in bopes of increasing income has shocked players, coaches and officials around the world.

Many of the critics see it as a case of soccer "falling to its knees" to please the biggest potential source of money -American television.

All sides say that years of study are needed before the plan could take effect, and that it might not be ready for 1994, when the United States hosts the World Cup for the first time.
The proposal, if adopted,

would mark the biggest change in soccer rules in decades and might rontinely be thrown on the scrapheap of far-out ideas that hit

But the fact that it comes from soccer's international president increases the attention it's get-

"I cannot comment right now, because it is like a thunderbolt from a clear sky," said Tadao Murata, general secretary of the Japan Football Association.

This bolt from the blue is a proposal by Joao Havelange, president of FIFA, the International Soccer Federation, to drastically change one of the sport's most basic rules - the time of the

match, and the continuity of that

Instead of two 45-minute halves, Havelange has proposed four 25-minute quarters.

Television - especially American television - long has complained that the uninterrupted flow of a soccer game makes it difficult to get in commercial breaks. With commercially supported TV increasing throughout Europe, that view may soon spread.

Havelange said this concern and the change that more com-mercials could bring more money for FIFA in television rights was behind his idea.

"Soccer is extremely professional and as such should seek all the means of increasing revennes," Havelange said in an interview with O Globo, a Rio De Janeiro newspaper. "It's important for the growth of the

With the 1994 World Cup to be held in the United States, the prospects of increased revenue from TV are multiplied. Most critics of Havelange's plan say that, while making money is fine, the sport must come first. They note that part of soccer's appeal is the avoidance of gimmicks in its rules.

"It is not a welcome thing for soccer," said Lothar Matthaeus, captain of West Germany's national team

The president of his team, Hermann Neuberger, said the 25minute hreak would come just when the action often gets going in a soccer metch. "Much stimulation... would be lost," he

Michel D'Hooghe, a member of FIFA's executive committee from Belgium, said the Havelange plan would be "a total change of concept. ...It is one of the cornerstones of soccer to keep the house in order. The simplicity of the rules is one of

the main advantages of the The media and publicity interests are clear." said Áldin Kuemaen, general secretary of the Swiss Soccer Federation.

'But soccer has other interests.' Those interests should not include the commercial whims of one of the few nations in the world where soccer is not number one, according to to the manager of a top West German club.

This has to do with falling to the knees before the American television institutions," Werder Bremen manager Willie Lembke said. "I don't agree with the necessity of a change just because the Americans have failed to make soccer popular in their country.

From the other side of the world, a Japanese manager 'If the proposed rule is

the purity of the sport "must be balanced by financial and economical concerns.."

S WORDH 0

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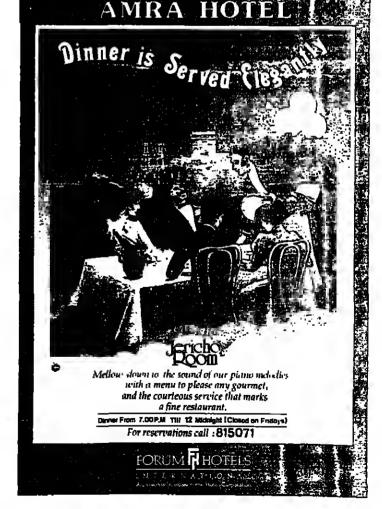
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Filipino army general killed

## Pro-Aquino forces recapture hotel seized by rebel governor

hut a military spokesman said at least two rebels were killed and

several wounded during the

clashes in the town, 350

of cowardice and treachery"

"I call on all our people to

continue to reject violence and

cracy and the processes of law in

tunnel in the demilitarised zone

(DMZ) separating two Koreas,

said the North could send 30,000

soldiers and scores of armoured

vehicles through the tunnel with-

Defence Minister Lee Sang-

Hoon said he believed the tunnet.

"spontaneous" rally to protest at

The Tashkent television corres-

There were dead and injured

the chairman of the Uzbek Coun-

cil of Ministers, M. Mirkasymov,

promised that those responsible

violence had nothing to do with local elections on Feh. 18, which

some Uzbek activists have de-

The correspondent said the

pondent, contacted from Mos-

cow, said the extremists began

Turks were hurt, he said.

would be punished.

WORLD NEWS IN BRIEF

KANDY (R) — More than 1,000 people, dressed in white and led by drum-beating monks, marched through central Sri Lanka

Sunday calling for peace on the war-ravaged island. An organiser

of the march, A.T. Ariyaratne, said participants represented all

of Sri Lanka's religions and ethnic groups and came from all parts

of the country. "In these times of war, when people are tortured

and killed at whim, the fear element is strong. We want to remove

this fear psychosis." he said. The eight-day march hegan Saturday

in the central town of Kandy and will end 95 kilometres away at

Adam's Peak, a mountain that has religious significance for

DHAKA (AP) - A mnd house collapsed during heavy rain and

killed seven members of a family, including a newborn baby, in

leaders have postponed elections in this oil-rich one-party state of

West Africa, and President Omar Bongo promised to step down if

he does not win enough votes. The beleaguered president made

the pledge in an interview with the independent French Television

5 Saturday, ending a week in which he fired nine cahinet ministers

in a bid to end protests and strikes that closed the capital's airport

for three days, disrupted telephone and telex communications,

and brought power cuts and gasoline shortages. Bongo said in the

interview that he was unaware of protesters' demands that he

Sri Lankans stage march for peace

Buddhists, Hindus and Christians in Sri Lanka.

Bangladesh house collapse kills 7

the evacuation of several bundred

Meskhetian Turks to Parkent.

routes for infiltration.

in an hour.

peaceful manner." said

kilometres north of Manila.

which would be punished.

TUGUEGARAO, Philippines (Agencies) — A rebel governor and hundreds of armed followers seized a six-storey hotel and several hostages in the northern Philippines Sunday before being forced out in fierce fighting with government troops.

One hostage — Brigadier General Oscar Florendo — died in hospital of hullet wounds received during the uprising, the latest violent chaltenge to President Corazon Aquino.

About 600 rehels led by Rodolfo Aguinaldo, suspended as governor of Northern Cagayan Province for his alleged part in a December coup attempt against Aquino, took over the hotel in the provincial capital. Tuguegarao, at dawn Sunday.

Fighting echoed through the streets as government forces attacked rebels occupying the ground-floor of the Holet Delfino and other positions around the town of t00.000 people.

A military spokesman said Florendo, the 51-year-old head of civitian-military relations, was apparently shot hy rebel forces as government troops moved

SEOUL (R) — A mine explosion

stopped South Korean troops in-

vestigating Sunday a newly-found

North Korean invasion tunnel to

the South, but no one was injured

in the blast, the Defence Ministry

"A mine exploded during a

We had removed several

search operation, killing a sniffer

dog, hut no one was injured," a

other mines and barriers

apparently set up by North Korea

The ministry, announcing

Saturday the discovery of the

MOSCOW (R) - A new wave of

ethnic violence in the Central

Asian republic of Uzbekistan kil-

led and injured an undetermined

number of people Saturday, a

Soviet newspaper and a local

television correspondent re-

Parkent, 40 kilometres from the

Uzbek capital Tashkent, when

Uzbek extremists demanded that

hundreds of Meskhetian Turks

sheltering in the town be evacu-

ated back to their homes in the

Komsomolskava Pravda, news-

paper of the Soviet Communist

Party Youth League, said the mob stormed a police station and

other public buildings after a

Fergana Valley.

The latest flare-up occurred in

to sabotage our operations."

ministry spokesman said.

Cagayan, is due to appear in

Defying government orders to surrender, Aguinaldo had held out for several days in the nearby town of Gattaran before taking over the Hotel Delfino with his supporters, who included some

chief General Renato de Villa to crush the revolt swiftly. "Get this over with as soon as possible," a President Aquino described presidential spokesman quoted the killing of Florendo as an "act

> cleared the hotel of rebels by late afternoon but that pockets of

Among those trapped in the hotel during the fighting were local government Secretary Luis Santos, Armed forces Intelli-gence Chief Cotonel Carlos Taneattempts to oust her in four years.

The revolt was sparked by an attempt by the military to serve ga. two other senior officers, loc-

## Mongolian protesters demand sweeping resignations

PEKING (R) - Thousands of Mongohan protesters marched on parliament in Ulan Bator Sunday clamouring for sweeping resigna-tions in the Communist Party,

witnesses said. Residents of Ulan Bator contacted by telephone said the demonstrators handed an ultimatum to a senior government official demanding the resignations

and an emergency session of par-liament this month.

"They demanded that the gov-ernment reply to their petition by Wednesday noon or protesters would go on hunger strike," said Western resident in the Mongolian capital.

The ultimatum was delivered by four loosely-allied opposition groups campaigning for an end to Mongolia's 69-year-old Commun-

ist system. Shortly after receiving the petition, senior government official 3. Luvsantseren emerged from the parliament building to tell a roaring crowd that the government would reply to the demands by Wednesday.

'He said the government would make its reply by television and radio," said one resident who witnessed the rally.

The rally was the seventh staged in Ulan Bator since the first opposition group, the Mongolian Democratic Association, was formed last December. Residents said it was the biggest

"There were about 20,000 peo ple out there, marching with banners," said one resident.

The East German News Agency ADN, monitored in East Berlin, estimated 40,000 people demonstrated in the capital's Suche-Bator Square.

Estimates of numbers at previous rallies bave varied but none have topped 10,000.

The Mongolian Democratic Association beld a congress two weeks ago to proclaim itself the country's first opposition party, called the Mongolian Democratic Party (MDP).

The party was swiftly acknowledged by government leaders in what one Foreign Ministry official called "de facto recognition."

The congress elected 610 dele-

gates to petition the government for the resignation of 250 top Communist officials, including the ruling Central Committee and parliament's Council of

Marching alongside members of the MDP were three newlyformed groups. All demand a multi-party system in Mongolia, a land three times the size of France wedged between the Soviet Union and China.

On Sunday the four groups demanded an emergency session of partiament open to all political opposition, residents said.

One new group, the New Progressive Association, includes soldiers and officers from the armed forces who have previously remained aloof from the democracy movement, residents said.

The others, the Social Democratic Party and the Mongolian Students Association, are made up mainly of students and intellectuals.

Mongolia's Communist authorities, bowing to pressures similar to those that toppled Socialist governments in Eastern Europe have granted several concessions to the growing democracy move-

## Kashmir uprising forces thousands to flee

Muslim-inspired uprising in the Kashmir Valley has forced thousands of Hindn and Sikh families to flee after threats to their lives and property, officials in India's Jamu and Kashmir state said Sunday.

Jammn Deputy Police Commissioner Parvez Dewan said in an interview that 7,000 Kashmiri families had fled the troubled valley in recent months and were living in tents on daily rations from the government.

He said militants were trying to preveot Hindus and Sikhs from leaving the Muslim-dominated Kashimir Valley for Hindu areas of the northern state, wedged between China and Pakistan.

The president of the Kashmir Pandits (Hindu scholars) Association, N.N. Ishnavi, said 14,900 families had fled the valley and were staying at one of seven government camps, or with friends and relatives in Jammu. He said other families had fled

further afield in India. The exodus from Kashmir started at the end of last year after the state government ex-changed five jailed militants for the kidnapped daughter of Indian Home Minister Mufti Moham-mad Sayeed in what Hindu's say as a humiliating deal.

Nearly 150 people have died

since the government began cracking down on a Muslim militant movement that is seeking either a reunited and independent Kashmir or that it all become part of Pakistan.

India and Pakistan have fought two of their three wars over Kashmir and United Nations military observers are stationed along a 1.400-kilometre ceasefire line that since 1949 has divided the Himalayan territory into two sections, one controlled by India and the other by Pakistan.

One recent refugee, P.N. Pandita who fled from Baramulla district, said he arrived in Jammu, winter capital of Jammu and Kashmir, by night to avoid being caught by millitant groups.

Local police would not provide protection to those wishing to migrate to Hindu parts of the state, be said.

Another Kashmiri Hindu, who did not want to be identified, said professed Islam as a safety mea-

He showed a circular, allegedly issued by the underground Hizb-l-Islami — one of 42 Muslim groups fighting against Indian rule — asking militants not to harm Hindu children under 10 so they could eventually be con-

verted to Islam. "We have fled for the sake of our lives and the honour of our womenfolk," said one Srinagar bank employee who migrated with his wife and two children.

The migrants include more than 1,000 Sikh families, indicating that Sikh militants fighting for independence in neighbouring Punjab state are not allied with Kashmiri Muslims, state officials

Sikh males, required by their religion to wear turbans, were being asked to wear green tur-bans, the colour of the Jammu and Kashmir Liberation Front flag, a Sikh migrant said.

Thousands of Indian troops patrolled Kashmir Valley with orders to shoot curfew violators

## CHINA KASHMIR PUNJAB INDIA

on sight, but the Muslim uprising in the state raged on. Security forces shot one man dead during protests Saturday,

witnesses and officials said. An Indefinite curfew was clamped on the valley after army and paramilitary troops killed at least 49 people Thursday as an estimated 1 million Muslim demonstrators converged on Srinagar to press demands for independence from predominantly

The government has refused to say how many troops and paramilitary police are in the valley, but military sources put the number at around 25,000.

ple have died in the uprising.

We are going to cross the ceasefire line very soon, in a matter of weeks," he said. Last month Indian troops fired pushed aside barricades at the

on Pakistani demonstrators who border near Chakhoti and swarmed across. Three people were killed and several were wounded. Pakistan and Indlan soldiers also exchanged fire for about 30 minutes before calm was

ence of Jammu-Kashimir state. speaking on condition of anonymity, said the raids took place after authorities learned at least 100 separatists had taken refuge in homes of sympathisers in Sri nagar, the summer capital of

"It was part of an ongoing terrorists," said one official.

military police and border guards have arrived in Kashmir by aircraft, and hundreds of soldiers came in trucks. Nine planes, each carrying 100

Friday night and Saturday morning. Airport sources said more were expected. Local journalists said the gov-

could become the targets of the

# 200 miles

Hindu India.

In neighbouring Pakistan, a Muslim leader warned India Saturday that his people will invade its troubled state of Januaru-Kashmir, where at least 163 peo-Sultan Mahmood, president of Azad Muslim Conference, said demonstrators will march to the Pakistani border town of Chakhoti on March 9, the day the mass rally is planned in Indian Kashmir, but "this is only a warning, a dress rehearsal," he said.

Pakistan has since streng-

thened its border barricades and Pakistan's military has warned that it will stop any attempted

"The Pakistan army can't open fire on Kashmiri protesters," said Mahmood, "That would be very unpopular for the government. They can only arrest us," he said Indian security forces Saturday reportedly raided six hideouts of

militants seeking the independ-

Januan-Kashmir and the centre of the secessionist movement. process to break the back of the

Witnesses said that over the past two days, at least 900 para-

men, landed at Srinagar airport

erament has asked reporters of non-Kashmiri newspapers and two national news agencies to leave Srinagar. "They were advised that they

militants. Many have already left," a Kashmiri reporter said.

## Protesters throw firebomb at Peruvian embassy sheltering Noriega's officers

restored order.

widows of Panamanian soldiers slain in the Oct. 3 attempt to topple Noriega. They are angered that Gonzalo Gonzalez and Heraclides Sucre, who are accused of killing conp leader Maj. Moises Giroldi, bave been given refugee in the embassy.

concerned that the Panamanian government guaranteed safe passage Wednesday to Noriega's family and several other Noriega

out 70 protesters, including other widows and relatives of officers executed after surrendering during the insurrection against Noriega, who headed Panama's military until he was overthrown by the United States in the Dec.

known people," she said.
"The pressure that we have

After the embassy incident, the

"1, along with the Foreign Minister (Julio Linares), are offering our apologies to the government of Peru," he said. "It was a sad incident. It violated international law. There were troublemakers, unknown

attack on U.S. servicemen since the United States invaded Panama on Dec. 20 and overthrew the government of Noriega. One of the Americans was reported seriously injured.

"There were people bleeding everywhere," he said. Witnesses said the grenade landed under a table, then ex-

disco's glass walls. Lisa McKay, who was outside

Noriega, long live Noriega' and threw the grenade," she said. Another woman who was going into the disco at the time gave the

tion, gave no details, but an official said, "it was against the Gringos." He asked not to be No one claimed responsibility

for the attack, said Lt.-Cmdr. Peggy Black, a spokeswoman for the U.S. Southern Command. Lt.-Col. Terry Jones said one

of the Americans was seriously injured. Thirteen others were being treated at the U.S. military's Gorgas Hospital and two were treated and released, he

Three of the 11 wounded Panamanians bad serious injuries and were in intensive care, a social security hospital report said. It said six Panamanians were treated and released.

Maj. Gen. Marc Cisneros, head of the Southern Command, appealed for help in finding those responsible.

#### judge to hold iailhouse party

FORT WORTH, Texas (AP) -A judge who wants to hold a iailhouse party is sure the wellheeled will pay \$100 each the chance to stay overnight in the jail. "For one night, we could be operating the largest hotel in one city," said Tarrant County Judge Roy English, who proposed a sleep-over party in the 1,400-bed jail at a session Monday of the county commissioners court. The party would show off the new jail, built to ease overcrowding, and raise money for a worthy cause either a memorial to slain Tarrant County police officers, or a charity such as one that helps the homeless, English said. Sheriff Don Carpenter said he has seen too many jail interiors to pay to get into one, but he likes the idea of showing off the huilding. "Everyone want to know what a jail looks like." be said.

#### **Aurellus rides** again in Rome

ROME (R) - Marcus Aurelius, the only bronze equestrian figure twants to from imperial Rome. will ride again on Rome's Capitol Hill next month, over nine years after the ravages of urban pollntion forced experts to remove him. City culture spokesman Paolo Battistuzzi has said Romans could view the second-century statue of the philosopheremperor from April 21, when the city celebrates the anniversy of its hirth. To minimise further atmospheric damage, the statue would be displayed in a glass case in the Capitoline Museum rather than returned to the 16th-century pedestal Michellangelo designed for it in the centre of his capitol

#### Stolen paintings recovered in Turkey

ISTANBUL (AP) — A 17th-century painting believed stolen from an Irish collection four years ago has been recovered in Turkey, police bas said. An official at the Department of Financial Police said that a team of Turkish art experts had determined that the painting is by Gabriel Metsu. a master of Dutch art, from the collection of Sir Alfred Beit in Ireland. The police official, who declined to be identified, said several people bad been arrested but he declined to give details. The official said the painting would be shown at the trial which is expected to be beld in connection with the case. Several Turkish papers have reported that the painting was one of 18 stolen from the Beit collection.

#### Skydiver fired at by Bush guards

LOS ANGELES (AP) - A sky-

diver who was fired at hy a secret service agent after parachuting into the parking lot of the hotel where President George Bush was staying apparently did not know the president was in town, authorities have said. Bush was inside the Century Plaza Hotel during the episode that ended with the arrest of Charles Sweeney, 47, of the Los Angeles suburh of Santa Clarita. Sweeney, arrested at his nome hours after the incident, was booked for investigation of assault with a deadly weapon on a law officer, said police Lt. Ai Moen. He was freed on \$3,000 bail on the charge, which stem-med from alleged attempts to run down officers in the getaway car. "There was no threat to the president. He didn't know the president was in town," said secret service agent Jim Miller.

## Global weather

(major world cities)

ANSTERDAM . M M M M M

ATHENS.....

SUENOS AIRES	12	64	23	73 Rain
CAIRO	13	55	29	84 Cloudy
CHICAGO	-04	25	00	32 Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	05	41	05	43 Clear
RANKFURT_	02	36	07	45 Cloudy
SENEVA	-02	28	06	48 Clear
IONG KONG _	11	52	12	45 Rein
STANBUL	04	39	07	45 Cloudy
	07	45	12	54 Cloudy
LOS ANGELES	13	56	20	68 Rain
MADRID	Ot	34	13	SG Clear
VECCA	15	59	30	88 Cloudy
MONTREAL	-07	19	-05	23 Snow
WOSCOW	M	M	M	M M
WERY DELHI	08	49	23	73 C363f
NEW YORK	04	40	17	53 Cloudy
PARIS	-02	28	10	50 Chazr
POME	06	43	13	SC Clear
SYDNEY	21	70	29	84 Clear
rokyo	07	45	15	50 Clear
VIENNA	04	40	07	45 Cloudy

## HAVANA (R) — The wife of onsted Panamanian military

Noriega's wife 'feels safe' in Cuba

surrender power.

strongman General Manuel Noriega, who was allowed to leave Panama Friday with her three daughters and an infant grandsom, has said she felt safe in Cuba. Felicidad Sieiro told Cuban television she felt "calm, safe and at home. I thank the Cuhan people and President Fidel Castro for the welcome they have given men," she added. Sieiro was met by Cuban Deputy Foreign Minister Miguel Brugueras when she arrived in Havana Friday night with her daughters Thais, Lorena and Sandra and a 6-month-old grandson. She did not outline her immediate plans.

#### an arrest warrant on Aguinaldo. Like opposition leader Juan Ponce Enrile, arrested in Manila last Tuesday, be is charged with rebellion and supporting December's coup attempt. Enrile, who comes from

al officials, reporters and 34

The military said they all

In Manila, military spokesman

Colonel Juanito Rimando said more than 100 of Aguinaldo's

armed supporters had surren-

dered, including 10 government soldiers who had defected to the

former governor.

The Manila regional comman

der, General Rodolfo Biazon,

said it was unlikely the Tuguegar

ao uprising would start any se-

groups similar to December is a

very remote thing," he told re-

porters. "We have patrols out in

A military spokesman said at

least two other people were killed Sunday in clashes around

Tuguegarao between Aguinaldo's

forces and government troops.

In Manila, a Red Cross official

said 10 others were wounded in

the fighting but the final figure

could increase because scattered

clashes were still underway

urges

cautious

unification

ERFURT, East Germany (AP)

- Former West German Chan-

cellor Willy Brandt, who began a

thaw in relations between the two

Germanys 20 years ago in Erfurt,

returned to say the German peo-

ple are near the end of a long

Brandt, bonorary chairman of

the Social Democratic Parties in both East and West Germany,

waved to cheering crowds from an upstairs window of the Erfur-ter Hof Hotel, the same spot he appeared on March 19, 1970 after his bistoric meeting with then East German leader Willi Stoph.

"I'm very moved at this mo-ment," be told the emotional

crowds packing the square Satur-

day, "it's a long road we have

Now, he said, the final steps to

unite the two Germany's must be

taken in a "responsible, just and

balanced manner, and to a good

Brandt said he favoured rapid

fusion of the ailing East German

economy with its mighty Western

neighbour, but stressed that the

ensuing course to final, political

A united Germany should

work out a new constitution,

based on West Germany's, hut

taking into account the interests

of Germans in both East and

West German Interior Minister

Wolfgang Schaueble has said he

thought the new East German

government elected March 18

could opt for swift unification via

Article 23 of West Germany's

But that would immediately

impose West German institu-

tioins and practices on East Ger-

many, that is just emerging from

over 40 years of Communist

unification must be slower.

road to unification.

behind us,"

final result."

West, he said.

constitution.

the national capital region."

"A major move hy threat

rious trouble in Manila

members of a military choir.

escaped unhurt.

against the hotel where he was held with several of his aides. court Monday. Aguinaldo escaped in the fighting, which the military said was continuing in several parts of the town early in the evening.

The casualty toll was unclear

> 200 defecting soldiers. Aquino ordered armed forces

her as saying.

Government forces said they

resistance remained. uphold our constitutional demo-Aquino, who has survived six

#### Mine explodes in N. Korean tunnel Brandt Lee could not say when the tunnel, the fourth discovered from the North since 1974, was

"We will have to carry out a thorough investigation of the tunnel to establish when they built it but knee-deep water and various traps laid out hy North Korea are hampering our operations," the

found 1.2 kilometres into South Korean territory, was probably one of about 20 built by North ministry spokesman said. South Korea has accused the Korea across the horder as secret North of amassing troops near the border and of putting The two countries have been finishing touches to plans for a technically at war despite a 1953 surprise attack on its capital,

#### truce ending the three-year Ko-Seoul, less than an hour's drive from the DMZ. New unrest erupts in Uzbekistan

The Meskhetians, originally from the Soviet Republic of Georgia, were reported to Central Asia in 1944 by Dictator Josef Stalin. More than 50,000 have fled the region since violence last

hurling stones at police who on both sides but no Meskhetian Uzbekistan, has been one of the focal points of ethnic unrest After the violence subsided, which has rocked Soviet Republics over the past two years and threatened to compromise Presiwent on local television and

dent Mikhail Gorbachev's reform At least 110 people were killed last June in Uzbekistan's Fergana Valley when Uzbeks attacked ethnic Turks in their homes and

## Military takes over S. African

homeland JOHANNESBURG (Agencies)

— Troops staged a bloodless coup in the nominally-independent homeland of Ciskei, which borders on South Africa's eastern Cape province, early Sunday,

Radio Ciskei said. Brigadier O.J. Gqozo said in the radio announcement that the army had decided to take over the government following repeated requests from the people of

on a trade mission. Gqozo said several cabinet ministers had also been detained. Gozo said a full statement on the takeover would be issued

later Sunday. Earlier, South African Foreign Minister Pik Botha called for calm. He said South African police were monitoring the situa-

Ciskei bas accepted independence from South Africa, but is not recognised internationally and remains heavily dependent on South African economic sub-A tide of violence and protest

with residents calling for reincorporation into South Africa in the wake of President F.W. de Klerk's reforms of apartheid. South Africa has 10 tribal

homelands.

has swept several of South Afri-

ca's bomelands in recent weeks,

soldiers and Panamanian police

The protest was organised by

associates. Noriega's family left into exile Friday night. Giroldi's widow Adela led abbeen applying is sufficient. It's a matter of being firm with the Peruvian government." she

protesters met with Ricardo Arias Calderon, first vice president and minister of justice and security. Arias calderon guaranteed the widows that the government would not grant safe conduct to Gonzalez and Sucre.

people."
No Peruvian diplomats were

believed to be the first such

"I heard something come in that broke the glass, hit the table and then I heard the explosion,' said Eric Quintero, one of the wounded. "There was a lot of confusion, people screaming.... people on the floor."

ploded. It left a hole about half a metre in diameter in one of the

the discotheque when the 11:30 p.m. (local time) attack occurred, said two men drove up, one got out and threw the bomb and they

then sped away..
The men yelled "there goes same account. Panama'a Judicial Technical

Police, in charge of the investiga-

BANGKOK.....

the southern sea resort town of Cox's Bazaar, police said Sunday. Ciskei, one of 10 hlack home-Three other people were injured in the cottapse which occurred lands created by South Africa Saturday on the outskirts of Cox's Bazaar, 296 kilometres under its apartheid policies.

Ggozo, commander of the 1st southeast of Dhaka, police said. The police, contacted hy PANAMA CITY (AP) --- Protes-In a separate development two men yelling "long live Noriega" telephone and speaking on condition they not be identified, said two days of heavy rains had disrupted life in Cox's Bazaar, famous ters threw firebombs at the Peru-The defence forces under Ciskei Battalion, said three officvian embassy where two officers Noriega had said 10 officers were threw a grenade into a discothefor its sandy beaches on the Bay of Bengal. The victims, all ers, including Lientenant-Generwho were allied with former ruler killed in the coup attempt. A que frequented by U.S. soldiers members of one family, included the mother of the 11-day-old al Kwame Sebe, the son of Cisket Gen. Manuel Antonio Noriega human rights official estimated and wounded 27 people, including 16 American military men, President Lennox Sebe, had been infant, police said. are still holed up. the total number dead at 77. There were no injuries or se-Mrs. Giroldi said she doesn't witnesses and officials said. **Elections postponed in Gabon** know who threw the firebombs. rious damage in the incident U.S. The president himself is abroad The Friday night bombing was LIBREVILLE, Gabon (AP) - Legislators and ruling party

Protesters also said they were

"It was peaceful and that the incidents were provoked by un-

available for comment.